

**KPMG LLP**Suite 2700
707 Seventeenth Street
Denver, CO 80202

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Members of the Legislative Audit Committee:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of the Colorado State University System (the System), a blended component unit of the State of Colorado, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the System's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of the Colorado State University Foundation, the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based on the reports of other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the discretely presented component unit were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based upon our audits and the reports of other auditors, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the System as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As discussed in note 19 (c) to the financial statements, the System adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans effective July 1, 2005.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 14, 2007 on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over

financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audits.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 20 - 29 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

KPMG LLP

November 14, 2007

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2007 and 2006
(Unaudited)

This section of the financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Colorado State University System (the System or CSU) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006. This discussion and analysis provides an analysis of the System's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the System's financial statements and notes thereto, which are also presented in this document.

# Financial Highlights

- The assets of the System exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2007 by approximately \$642.4 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$82.1 million was restricted for purposes which the donor or grantor or other external party intended. \$150.4 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the System's ongoing obligations. Although unrestricted net assets are not externally restricted, they may be internally designated by the System's administration for various purposes.
- The System's net assets increased \$34.3 million during fiscal year 2007. \$23.0 million of this increase consisted of an increase in capital assets, net of related debt. \$7.7 million of the increase consisted of an increase in restricted net assets.
- In fiscal year 2007, the state provided support directly to students in the form of student tuition stipends paid by the State College Opportunity Fund (\$49.2 million). In addition, the System received payment from the State for the delivery of graduate, high cost/demand programs and special programs (\$74.2 million).
- Fiscal year 2007 state capital contributions of \$8.2 million for the System increased \$6.8 million from prior year levels of \$1.4 million.
- Fiscal year 2007 capital grants of \$16.9 million for the System increased \$11.2 million from prior year levels of \$5.7 million.

#### The Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the System's finances and comprise three basic statements.

The statements of net assets present information on all of the System's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the System is improving or deteriorating.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets present information showing how the System's net assets changed during the two most recent fiscal years. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., the payment for accrued compensated absences, or the receipt of amounts due from students and others for services rendered).

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(Unaudited)

The statements of cash flows are reported on the direct method. The direct method of cash flow reporting portrays cash flows from operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities.

The System reports its activity as a business-type activity using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The System is a blended component unit of the State of Colorado.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes provide information regarding both the accounting policies and procedures the System has adopted as well as additional detail of certain amounts contained in the basic financial statements. The notes to financial statements follow the basic financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis focuses on the primary government, which is the Colorado State University System.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the System implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. This Statement establishes financial reporting standards for other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans and clarified that the System's postretirement healthcare premium refund plans do not meet the conditions for classification as an OPEB plan trust. As a result of this change in accounting principle, the System has changed the financial statement presentation of this plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Unaudited)

#### **Financial Analysis**

The statements of net assets present the assets, liabilities, and net assets of the Colorado State University System as of the end of the fiscal year. The System assets exceeded liabilities resulting in net assets at June 30, 2007 and 2006 of \$642.4 million and \$608.1 million, respectively. The majority (64% and 64%, respectively) of the System's net assets are invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment), net of related debt. These assets are used to provide services to students, faculty, and administration. Consequently, these assets are not available to fund future spending.

#### **Summary of Net Assets**

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

			June 30	
		2007	2006	2005
Current assets Noncurrent assets, including capital assets (net) of \$523,365, \$470,994, and	\$	309,855	300,750	269,665
\$455,325, respectively		607,669	579,490	583,479
Total assets	_	917,524	880,240	853,144
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities		116,467 158,608	108,085 164,055	96,488 181,627
Total liabilities		275,075	272,140	278,115
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted		409,943 82,092 150,414	386,933 74,378 146,789	376,580 76,769 121,680
Total net assets	\$	642,449	608,100	575,029

- The \$37.3 million increase in System assets from fiscal year 2006 to fiscal year 2007 is primarily attributable to a \$9.1 million increase in current assets, which is primarily due to a \$10.6 million decrease in cash, a \$2.5 million increase in prepaid expenses, and a \$16.8 million increase in accounts receivables, in conjunction with a \$28.2 million increase in noncurrent assets. The increase in noncurrent assets is primarily attributable to a \$52.8 million increase in construction in progress for the system in conjunction with a \$26.6 million decrease in restricted cash, which occurred as bond proceeds were utilized to fund capital construction projects in progress. The \$27.1 million increase in System assets from fiscal year 2005 to fiscal year 2006 is primarily attributable to a \$31.1 million increase in current assets offset by a \$4.0 million decrease in noncurrent assets.
- The liabilities of the System increased \$2.9 million from fiscal year 2006 to fiscal year 2007. The \$9.4 million fiscal year 2006 increase in the liabilities of the System is primarily attributable to a \$7 million accrual for emergency firefighting activity of the Colorado State Forest Service.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Unaudited)

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets report the results of operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses during the year and the resulting increase or decrease in net assets at the end of the fiscal year.

## Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

			June 30	
		2007	2006	2005
Operating revenues:				
Tuition and fees, net	\$	211,010	203,967	143,637
Grants and contracts	Ψ	260,602	251,941	237,444
State fee for service revenue		74,182	68,214	
Auxiliary enterprises		107,439	100,033	96,043
Other		24,513	23,046	21,792
Total operating revenues		677,746	647,201	498,916
Operating expenses:				
Instruction		182,871	173,671	159,163
Research		166,479	151,756	143,648
Public service		72,498	70,490	64,255
Academic support		43,802	41,315	39,383
Student services		25,355	25,500	24,884
Institutional support		27,980	24,397	22,521
Operation and maintenance of plant		50,305	47,209	38,634
Scholarships and fellowships		7,719	8,155	9,169
Auxiliary enterprises		97,572	92,512	89,067
Depreciation		37,540	36,690	36,402
Other operating expenses	_	8	79	312
Total operating expenses		712,129	671,774	627,438
Operating loss		(34,383)	(24,573)	(128,522)
Nonoperating revenues:				
State appropriations		3,250	_	109,424
Other net nonoperating revenues	_	32,804	26,380	22,382
Net nonoperating revenues	_	36,054	26,380	131,806
Income before other revenues (expenses)		1,671	1,807	3,284

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Unaudited)

#### Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

			June 30	
		2007	2006	2005
State capital contributions	\$	8,246	1,387	2,285
Capital grants		16,922	5,744	2,005
Capital gifts		4,734	7,971	17,215
Payments (to) from governing boards or other				·
institutions		754	82	(131)
Additions to permanent endowments	_	2,022	705	339
Total other revenues	<b>L</b>	32,678	15,889	21,713
Increase in net assets		34,349	17,696	24,997
Net assets:				
Net assets, beginning of year		608,100	575,029	550,032
Change in accounting principle		·	15,375	
Net assets, beginning of year, as adjusted	_	608,100	590,404	550,032
Net assets, end of year	\$_	642,449	608,100	575,029

The System experienced a \$34.4 million loss from operations in fiscal year 2007 and a \$24.6 million loss from operations in fiscal year 2006. In fiscal year 2007, this operating loss was offset by net nonoperating and other revenues of \$68.7 million, including \$3.25 million of state appropriations for wildfire preparedness, \$8.2 million of state capital contributions, \$25.6 million of gifts and capital gifts, \$13.5 million of investment income, and \$16.9 million of capital grants. In fiscal year 2006, this operating loss was offset by net nonoperating and other revenues of \$42.3 million, including \$29.4 million of gifts and capital gifts, \$6.1 million of investment income, and \$5.7 million of capital grants.

- Fiscal year 2007 System operating revenues increased \$30.5 million in relation to prior year levels. This is primarily attributable to a \$7.0 million increase in tuition and fee revenue in conjunction with a \$6.0 million increase in state fee for service contract revenue, a \$7.4 million increase in revenue from auxiliary enterprises and an \$8.7 million increase in grants and contracts revenue. Fiscal year 2006 System operating revenues increased \$148.3 million in relation to prior year levels. This is primarily attributable to the fact that in fiscal year 2006, the College Opportunity Fund legislation was implemented and state support was delivered to the System as operating revenue in the form of payment for fee for service contacts with the state. In addition, the state provided stipends to students, which were then used to pay tuition, which is also recorded as operating revenue.
- Fiscal year 2007 System operating expenses increased \$40.4 million in relation to prior year levels. This increase is in part attributable to a \$9.2 million increase in instruction expense due primarily to salary increases, a \$14.7 million increase in research expense attributable to increased levels of sponsored research activity, and a \$5.1 million auxiliary enterprise expense increase, which is primarily due to

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Unaudited)

increased auxiliary enterprise activity. In addition, institutional support expenditures increased \$3.6 million, which was primarily attributable to salary increases. Fiscal year 2006 System operating expenses increased \$44.3 million in relation to prior year levels. This increase is in part attributable to a \$14.5 million increase in instruction expense due primarily to salary increases, an \$8.1 million increase in research expense attributable to increased levels of sponsored research activity, and a \$6.3 million public service expense increase, which is primarily due to increased emergency firefighting activity by the Colorado State Forest Service. In addition, expenses for the operation and maintenance of plant increased \$8.6 million in fiscal year 2006 partly because of a \$4.2 million increase in utility costs. Institutional Support expenditures also increased \$1.9 million primarily because of salary increases and a \$1.9 million expense increase in CSU's University relations, development, and marketing activities.

- Fiscal year 2007 System net nonoperating revenues increased \$9.7 million which was primarily attributable to a \$3.25 million increase in state appropriations to support wildfire preparedness and a \$7.4 million increase in investment income which was due to increased investment returns in conjunction with an increase in unrealized gain on investments on deposits held by the State Treasury. These increases were offset by a \$564,000 decline in gifts and a \$689,000 decline in other nonoperating revenue. Fiscal year 2006 System net nonoperating revenues decreased \$105.4 million primarily because the funding mechanism for higher education changed during the fiscal year and the System no longer received a nonoperating appropriation from the state.
- Other revenues increased \$16.8 million in fiscal year 2007. This increase was primarily due to a \$6.9 million increase in state capital contributions coupled with a \$11.2 million increase in capital grants, a \$3.2 million decrease in capital gifts, and a \$1.3 million increase in additions to permanent endowments. The increase in capital grants is primarily due to increased construction activity on the CSU Regional Biocontainment Laboratory in comparison to the prior fiscal year. Other revenues decreased \$5.8 million in fiscal year 2006. This decrease was primarily due to a \$9.2 million decrease in capital gifts coupled with a \$3.7 million increase in capital grants. The decrease in capital gifts is attributable to the fact that CSU recognized capital gifts in fiscal year 2005 that were received for CSU Athletics capital construction projects and comparable amounts were not received for these projects in fiscal year 2006. The increase in capital grants is due to increased activity on the CSU Regional Biocontainment Laboratory and the CSU Bioenvironmental Hazards Research Building capital construction projects in fiscal year 2006.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2007, the System had approximately \$523.4 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$456.8 million. At June 30, 2006, the System had approximately \$471.0 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$432.4 million.

Depreciation charges were approximately \$37.5 million and \$36.7 million for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the System received \$8.2 million of state capital contributions for capital construction projects. \$4.4 million of these state capital contributions were attributable to the Health, Physical Education, and Recreation Building project at CSU-Pueblo. An additional \$1.4 million was received for the CSU Diagnostic Medicine Center.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Unaudited)

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, the System will receive state capital appropriation funding of \$24.0 million for capital construction and controlled maintenance projects. This includes \$20.3 million for capital construction projects including \$19.4 million for the CSU Diagnostic Medicine Center and \$0.9 million for the completion of the CSU-Pueblo Health, Physical Education, and Recreation Building Renovation. The remainder of this funding is for \$3.7 million various capital controlled maintenance projects at CSU and CSU-Pueblo. This state capital appropriation funding will help maintain current buildings and will allow the expansion of the Diagnostic Medicine Center at CSU and will complete the renovation work on the CSU-Pueblo Health, Physical Education, and Recreation Building.

A breakdown of assets by category, net of accumulated depreciation is provided below.

#### Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		June 30	
	2007	2006	2005
Land	\$ 10,898	9,670	9,671
Land improvements	30,709	28,975	30,195
Building and improvements	323,241	322,972	314,589
Leasehold improvements	366	414	461
Equipment	47,331	47,613	45,509
Collections	1,318	2,317	2,205
Library materials	25,658	27,947	29,451
Construction in progress	 83,844	31,086	23,244
Total capital assets, net	\$ 523,365	470,994	455,325

The fiscal year 2007 \$52.4 million increase in net capital assets is primarily attributable to a \$52.8 million increase to construction in progress. \$26.0 million of this construction in progress increase related to the CSU Academic Village project and \$18.0 million related to the CSU Regional Biocontainment Laboratory project. The fiscal year 2006 \$15.7 million increase in net capital assets is primarily attributable to an \$8.4 million net increase to buildings and improvements, a \$7.8 million net increase to construction in progress, and a \$2.1 million net increase to equipment. The CSU University Center for the Arts Concert Hall, CSU Hughes Stadium improvements, and CSU heating plant improvements were all capitalized during fiscal year 2006. The CSU Bioenvironmental Research Building Discovery Suite, the CSU Infectious Disease Laboratory annex renovation, and the CSU Howes Street Business Center Building were all capitalized during fiscal year 2007.

The System had capital construction commitments outstanding of approximately \$57.2 million at June 30, 2007. Approximately \$10.3 million of this amount was for the new CSU Academic Village, \$22.1 million was for the renovation of the CSU University Center for the Arts, \$8.36 was for the CSU-Pueblo Health, Physical Education, and Recreation Building project, \$2.3 million was for mechanical and fire suppression improvements to the CSU Veterinary Teaching Hospital, and \$2.9 million was for the CSU linear accelerator project. The remaining commitments were for various small construction projects at CSU and CSU-Pueblo.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Unaudited)

The System had approximately \$118.3 million and \$125.3 million of debt outstanding at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### **Summary of Debt**

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		June 30	
	2007	2006	2005
Debt outstanding:			
Revenue bonds, certificates of participation	\$ 112,220	118,071	123,211
Capital lease obligations	 6,032	7,232	8,313
	\$ 118,252	125,303	131,524

The System had no new bond financings during fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

On September 6, 2007, the System issued \$210,045,000 in System Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A-C. The proceeds from the sale of the Series 2007A-C Bonds will be used to defray the costs of constructing, acquiring, renovating, expanding, and equipping buildings and facilities at CSU and CSU-Pueblo in addition to refunding all or a portion of certain outstanding bonds. These improvement projects will include the CSU Academic Instruction Building, Computer Science Building, Research Innovation Center, Athletics Facilities, University Center for the Arts, Rockwell Hall Addition, Research Building Revolving Fund Multi-Scale Modeling of Atmospheric Processes (RBRF MMAP) Building, Chiller Plant, Greenhouse and Research Space, Animal Research Infrastructure, Research Campus Renovations, and the Student Recreation Center at CSU-Pueblo. The revenue bonds bear interest rates from 4.000% to 5.883% with final maturity in 2037.

Current refunded bonds include Colorado State University Auxiliary Facilities Enterprise Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1996 (\$525,000) and Series 1997 (\$11,365,000), Colorado State University Research Building Revolving Fund Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 1997 (\$1,045,000) and Series 2001 (\$3,145,000), and Colorado State University Certificates of Participation, Series 1997 (\$3,205,000). The current refunded bonds were redeemed on October 9, 2007.

Advanced refunded bonds include Colorado State University Student Sports Recreational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 (\$1,755,000), Colorado State University Enterprise System Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2003A (partial refund of \$3,610,000), and Colorado State University Research Building Revolving Fund Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A (\$9,535,000). A portion of the proceeds of the Series 2007B Bonds will be used to purchase U.S. Treasury Securities and to provide cash, which will be placed into an escrow account to refund the Refunded Bonds. The Escrow Agent will pay the debt service requirements of these Refunded Bonds on each of their scheduled payment dates through and including; for the 1998 Bonds, April 1, 2008 and will redeem those maturing on April 1, 2009 and thereafter, at a redemption price equal to 100% of par (\$1,615,000) on April 1, 2008; for the 2003A Bonds, March 1, 2013 and will redeem those maturing on March 1, 2014 and thereafter, at a redemption price equal to 100% of par (\$1,600,000) on March 1, 2013; and for the 2005A Bonds, December 1, 2015 and will redeem those maturing on December 1, 2016 and thereafter, at a redemption price equal to 100% of par (\$4,010,000) on December 1, 2015.

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(Unaudited)

#### Economic Outlook/Future of the Colorado State University System

The Colorado State University System is comprised of two higher education institutions in the State of Colorado run under one common leadership structure.

The System receives revenues from numerous sources including students who receive a stipend from the State to cover some of their higher education expenses. In many states, this funding is appropriated directly to the institution. In Colorado, it is appropriated to the student.

The State General Fund revenue is projected on a quarterly basis by the Legislative Council and the Office of State Planning and Budgeting. The most recent projections (July 2007) from these entities estimate that the State General Fund revenue is projected to increase in fiscal year 2008 between 6.0% and 8.0%. For fiscal year 2009, the General Fund revenue used for the State's budgeting process is projected to increase 6.0%. The state's overall budgetary situation remains governed by the three constitutional budgetary provisions: The Taxpayer Bill of Rights (TABOR), the Gallagher Amendment on property taxes, and Amendment 23 requiring specified increases in state support of K-12 Education. The budgetary situation for higher education has changed with the implementation of the College Opportunity Fund in fiscal year 2006. As a result of legislation adopted in the 2004 session (S.B. 04-189), the State no longer provides direct State General Fund appropriations to the governing boards. Instead, the State provides stipends to qualified, resident undergraduate students, and institutions receive fee for service contracts from the Colorado Commission on Higher Education for the provision of other educational services. Finally, S.B. 04-189 also allows institutions of higher education to become TABOR enterprises through this new funding mechanism. Enterprise status eliminates institutional cash funds, such as tuition, from counting against the state's TABOR limitation. In 2006, Colorado State University and Colorado State University-Pueblo had separate enterprise status designations. In fiscal year 2007, the System was designated a Single Enterprise providing it greater flexibility and expanded financial capabilities in a host of areas. This designation allows the System to raise revenues and finance projects outside of the revenue limits set at the statewide level.

With this TABOR status, the cash funds collected by the System's institutions no longer count toward the State's overall revenue limit. In addition, as enterprises, the institutions can consider issuing revenue bonds backed by up to 10% of their student fees for academic buildings.

The Colorado State University System is authorized to receive \$82.5 million in fee for service contract revenue and \$51.2 million in student stipends in fiscal year 2008. The \$133.7 million of anticipated fiscal year 2008 fee for service contract revenue and the student stipends represent an 8.4% increase in state support above that provided in 2007.

In addition, the System obtained the ability to pledge a portion of its Education and General operation revenues (tuition) toward revenue bond debt to support the construction of new educational facilities. The System began work on the largest debt financing/refunding in System history which will be completed in fiscal year 2008.

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(Unaudited)

The State implemented the TABOR in fiscal year 1994. The state's voters modified TABOR at the November 2005 election. The modification allowed the State to retain all revenues in excess of TABOR spending limitations for fiscal years 2006 through 2010.

Overall enrollment at both System institutions increased 2.2% as measured in the fall 2007 census. This increase appears to be consistent with information received from other Colorado institutions, though final statewide enrollment data will not be available until later in the year. Based on early enrollment indicators from the Department of Higher Education, there has been enrollment increases at some institutions and it is anticipated that enrollment will increase into fiscal years 2009 and 2010. Overall, the projected enrollment increase for the CSU System in the next three years should be in the 3% - 6% range.

#### **Requests for Information**

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Colorado State University System's finances for all those with an interest in the System's finances and to demonstrate the System's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the attention of the Chief Financial Officer, Colorado State University System, 410 Seventeenth Street, Suite 1415, Denver, CO 80202.

# Statements of Net Assets

# June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Current assets:         \$ 223,066         233,70           Student accounts receivable, net         8,796         7,08           Other accounts receivable, net         63,713         48,63           Student loans receivable, net         3,553         3,58           Inventories         7,087         6,58           Prepaid expenses         3,640         1,16           Total current assets         309,855         300,75           Noncurrent assets:         8         8           Restricted cash and cash equivalents         43,751         70,38           Restricted investments         19,638         17,48           Student loans receivable, net         20,335         20,01           Other noncurrent assets         580         60           Nondepreciable capital assets:         10,898         9,67           Construction in progress         83,844         31,08           Collections         1,318         2,31           Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         1         1           Land improvements         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         30,60         41           Lease
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Other accounts receivable, net         63,713         48,63           Student loans receivable, net         3,553         3,58           Inventories         7,087         6,58           Prepaid expenses         3,640         1,16           Total current assets         309,855         300,75           Noncurrent assets:           Restricted cash and cash equivalents         43,751         70,38           Restricted investments         19,638         17,48           Student loans receivable, net         20,335         20,01           Other noncurrent assets         580         60           Nondepreciable capital assets:         10,898         9,67           Construction in progress         83,844         31,08           Collections         1,318         2,31           Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         Land improvements         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         323,241         322,97           Leasehold improvements         366         41
Inventories         7,087         6,58           Prepaid expenses         3,640         1,16           Total current assets         309,855         300,75           Noncurrent assets:         8         8           Restricted cash and cash equivalents         43,751         70,38           Restricted investments         19,638         17,48           Student loans receivable, net         20,335         20,01           Other noncurrent assets         580         60           Nondepreciable capital assets:         10,898         9,67           Land         10,898         9,67           Construction in progress         83,844         31,08           Collections         1,318         2,31           Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         2         2           Land improvements         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         323,241         322,97           Leasehold improvements         366         41
Prepaid expenses         3,640         1,16           Total current assets         309,855         300,75           Noncurrent assets:         8         8           Restricted cash and cash equivalents         43,751         70,38           Restricted investments         19,638         17,48           Student loans receivable, net         20,335         20,01           Other noncurrent assets         580         60           Nondepreciable capital assets:         2         83,844         31,08           Construction in progress         83,844         31,08         2,31           Collections         1,318         2,31           Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         2         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         323,241         322,97           Leasehold improvements         366         41
Total current assets         309,855         300,75           Noncurrent assets:         Restricted cash and cash equivalents         43,751         70,38           Restricted investments         19,638         17,48           Student loans receivable, net         20,335         20,01           Other noncurrent assets         580         60           Nondepreciable capital assets:         Land         10,898         9,67           Construction in progress         83,844         31,08           Collections         1,318         2,31           Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         Land improvements         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         323,241         322,97           Leasehold improvements         366         41
Noncurrent assets:         Restricted cash and cash equivalents         43,751         70,38           Restricted investments         19,638         17,48           Student loans receivable, net         20,335         20,01           Other noncurrent assets         580         60           Nondepreciable capital assets:         10,898         9,67           Construction in progress         83,844         31,08           Collections         1,318         2,31           Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         20,01         28,97           Land improvements         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         323,241         322,97           Leasehold improvements         366         41
Restricted cash and cash equivalents       43,751       70,38         Restricted investments       19,638       17,48         Student loans receivable, net       20,335       20,01         Other noncurrent assets       580       60         Nondepreciable capital assets:       20,01       10,898       9,67         Construction in progress       83,844       31,08       2,31         Collections       1,318       2,31         Total nondepreciable capital assets       96,060       43,07         Depreciable capital assets, net:       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       323,241       322,97         Leasehold improvements       366       41
Restricted investments       19,638       17,48         Student loans receivable, net       20,335       20,01         Other noncurrent assets       580       60         Nondepreciable capital assets:       30,60       60         Land       10,898       9,67         Construction in progress       83,844       31,08         Collections       1,318       2,31         Total nondepreciable capital assets       96,060       43,07         Depreciable capital assets, net:       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       323,241       322,97         Leasehold improvements       366       41
Student loans receivable, net       20,335       20,01         Other noncurrent assets       580       60         Nondepreciable capital assets:       30,60       10,898       9,67         Construction in progress       83,844       31,08       31,08       2,31         Collections       1,318       2,31       2,31         Total nondepreciable capital assets       96,060       43,07         Depreciable capital assets, net:       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       323,241       322,97         Leasehold improvements       366       41
Other noncurrent assets       580       60         Nondepreciable capital assets:       Land       10,898       9,67         Construction in progress       83,844       31,08         Collections       1,318       2,31         Total nondepreciable capital assets       96,060       43,07         Depreciable capital assets, net:       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       323,241       322,97         Leasehold improvements       366       41
Nondepreciable capital assets:       10,898       9,67         Construction in progress       83,844       31,08         Collections       1,318       2,31         Total nondepreciable capital assets       96,060       43,07         Depreciable capital assets, net:       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       323,241       322,97         Leasehold improvements       366       41
Land       10,898       9,67         Construction in progress       83,844       31,08         Collections       1,318       2,31         Total nondepreciable capital assets       96,060       43,07         Depreciable capital assets, net:       30,709       28,97         Building and improvements       323,241       322,97         Leasehold improvements       366       41
Construction in progress         83,844         31,08           Collections         1,318         2,31           Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         323,241         322,97           Leasehold improvements         366         41
Collections         1,318         2,31           Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         Land improvements         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         323,241         322,97           Leasehold improvements         366         41
Total nondepreciable capital assets         96,060         43,07           Depreciable capital assets, net:         30,709         28,97           Building and improvements         323,241         322,97           Leasehold improvements         366         41
Depreciable capital assets, net:  Land improvements  Building and improvements  Leasehold improvements  30,709  323,241  322,97  41
Land improvements30,70928,97Building and improvements323,241322,97Leasehold improvements36641
Building and improvements 323,241 322,97 Leasehold improvements 366 41
Leasehold improvements 366 41
Equipment 47 331 47 61
Library materials 25,658 27,94
Total depreciable capital assets, net of
accumulated depreciation 427,305 427,92
Total noncurrent assets 607,669 579,49
Total assets \$ 917,524 880,24

Statements of Net Assets

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Liabilities	 2007	2006
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 27,866	20,753
Accrued liabilities	53,843	53,306
Deferred revenue	20,181	18,898
Deposits held for others	2,801	3,453
Bonds payable and certificates of participation, current portion	5,910	5,765
Capital leases payable, current portion	1,096	1,288
Other long-term liabilities, current portion	2,614	2,489
Compensated absence liabilities, current portion	 2,156	2,133
Total current liabilities	 116,467	108,085
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable and certificates of participation	106,310	112,306
Capital leases payable	4,936	5,944
Deposits held for others	7,394	8,806
Other long-term liabilities	7,875	7,597
Compensated absence liabilities	 32,093	29,402
Total noncurrent liabilities	 158,608	164,055
Total liabilities	\$ 275,075	272,140
Net assets	<del></del>	
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 409,943	386,933
Restricted for nonexpendable purposes	19,904	17,882
Restricted for expendable purposes – other	62,188	56,496
Unrestricted	 150,414	146,789
Total net assets	\$ 642,449	608,100

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

# COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION

Statements of Financial Position -- Discretely Presented Component Unit

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

			2007	70			2006	90	
Assets	~	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	89	91 30,047	179 116,957	1,517 94,780	1,787 241,784	42 22,340	305 96,667	185 81,284	532 200,291
Receivables: Pledges, net of allowance		1	18,149	4,886	23,035	I	23,111	5,193	28,304
Life income trusts Investment in equity affiliate				201	201		(240)	$\frac{182}{2,208}$	182 1,968
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		15	250	1	265	20	250	. 1	270
cash surformer varies of fire insurance policies Prepaids and other assets		69	120	279 264	348 431	62	136	111 280	173
Total assets	<u>ح</u>	30,269	135,655	101,927	267,851	22,478	120,229	89,443	232,150
Liabilities and Net Assets									
Accounts payable Other account lishilities	69	12	599		611	3	663		999
Unit accruca nationals  Life income agreements  Denosit held in curredy for CC11		587	96	283	966	009	119	302	1,021
Total liabilities		670	4,614	10,837	16,121	652	4,426	9,673	14,751
Net assets: Unrestricted: Undesignated Board designated		3,904			3,904	3,146			3,146 18,680
Total unrestricted		29,599	***************************************	-	29,599	21,826			21,826
Temporarily restricted Permanently restricted		1	131,041	91,090	131,041		115,803	077,67	115,803
Total net assets		29,599	131,041	91,090	251,730	21,826	115,803	79,770	217,399
Total liabilities and net assets \$	<b>↔</b>	30,269	135,655	101,927	267,851	22,478	120,229	89,443	232,150

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

# Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		2007	2006
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees, (including \$12,575 and \$12,057 of			
revenues pledged for bonds in 2007 and 2006, respectively,			
and net of scholarship allowances of \$46,593 and \$43,266			
for 2007 and 2006, respectively)	\$	211,010	203,967
State fee for service revenue		74,182	68,214
Grants and contracts (including \$36,454 and \$35,299 of revenues			
pledged for bonds in 2007 and 2006, respectively)		260,602	251,941
Sales and services of educational activities		18,952	18,022
Auxiliary enterprises, (including \$82,205 and \$77,202 of			
revenues pledged for bonds in 2007 and 2006, respectively,			
and net of scholarship allowances of \$2,158 and \$2,744		10-100	
for 2007 and 2006, respectively)		107,439	100,033
Other operating revenue	_	5,561	5,024
Total operating revenues	_	677,746	647,201
Operating expenses:			
Instruction		182,871	173,671
Research		166,479	151,756
Public service		72,498	70,490
Academic support		43,802	41,315
Student services		25,355	25,500
Institutional support		27,988	24,476
Operation and maintenance of plant		50,305	47,209
Scholarships and fellowships		7,719	8,155
Auxiliary enterprises		97,572	92,512
Depreciation		37,540	36,690
Total operating expenses		712,129	671,774
Operating loss	_	(34,383)	(24,573)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
State appropriations		3,250	
Gifts		20,824	21,388
Investment income (including \$1,305 and \$1,060 of revenues			
pledged for bonds in 2007 and 2006, respectively)		13,488	6,120
Interest expense on capital debt		(3,130)	(3,439)
Other nonoperating revenues		1,622	2,311
Net nonoperating revenues	_	36,054	26,380
Income before other revenues (expenses)		1,671	1,807

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2007	2006
Other revenues:		
State capital contributions	\$ 8,246	1,387
Capital grants	16,922	5,744
Capital gifts	4,734	7,971
Payments to governing boards or other institutions	754	82
Additions to permanent endowments	 2,022	705
Total other revenues	 32,678	15,889
Increase in net assets	34,349	17,696
Net assets, beginning of year, as previously reported	608,100	575,029
Change in accounting principle (note 19(c))	 <u> </u>	15,375
Net assets, beginning of year, as adjusted	 608,100	590,404
Net assets, end of year	\$ 642,449	608,100

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

# COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM COLORADO STATE UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION

Statements of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Unit

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

			2007	7			2006	9(	
	Unrestricted		Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Support and revenue: Contributions In-kind contributions	\$	299	15,831 3,171	9,461	25,591 3,171	173	37,144 2,155	4,309	41,626 2,156
Allowance for uncollectible pledges			(811)	(457)	(1,268)		42	11	53
Total contributions	23	299	18,191	9,004	27,494	174	39,341	4,320	43,835
Net investment income Actuarial change in value of life income agreement	10,513	513 (28)	22,340 9	69 (15)	32,922 (34)	5,993 (28)	11,591	70 (34)	17,654 (70)
Other changes in net assets Other revenue	, 1 3	<del>1</del>	(790) 7	169	(790) 217	(142) 148	(2 <u>(3</u> )	171 6	133
Net assets released from restrictions: Satisfaction of program restrictions	22,444	44	(22,444)	1		24,637	(24,637)		1
Total support and revenue	33,269	69	17,313	9,227	59,809	30,782	26,237	4,533	61,552
Expenses: Program services:									
ČSU College of:	·	,			1 024	1 045			1 045
Agricultural Sciences Applied Human Sciences	2,283	,954 ,283			2,283	921			921
Business	1,303	03	1	ı	1,303	951	1	I	951
Engineering	2,188	88 ×	-	l	2,188	2,188		[	2,188
Natural Resources	ŏ &	895			895	921		!	921
Natural Sciences	1,615	15	I	l	1,615	1,560	1	•	1,560
Veterinary Medicine and Biomedical Sciences	3,406	9 2			3,406	4,99/ 6,893		1 1	6.893
Other CSU programs	3,90	8			3,904	3,879			3,879
Total program services	23,642	42	-		23,642	26,133		-	26,133
Support services: Management and general	1,836	36			1,836	1,604		-	1,604
Total support services	1,836	36	*****	PARENT.	1,836	1,604			1,604
Total expenses	25,478	78			25,478	27,737	1	1	27,737
Change in net assets	7,791	91	17,313	9,227	34,331	3,045	26,237	4,533	33,815
Interfund transfers	<u></u>	(18)	(2,075)	2,093	1	1		ļ	i
Net assets, beginning of year	21,826	26	115,803	79,770	217,399	18,781	89,566	75,237	183,584
Net assets, end of year	\$ 29,599	8	131,041	91,090	251,730	21,826	115,803	79,770	217,399

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

# Statements of Cash Flows

# Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

# (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities:           Cash received:         3         208,947         204,739           Student loans collected         6,221         6,473           Sales of products         112,069         103,681           Grants and contracts         247,248         246,336           State fee for service contract         74,182         68,214           Other operating receipts         3,109         3,093           Cash payments:         5         (5,209)         (6,032)           Student loans disbursed         (5,995)         (6,304)           Payments to employees         (45,898)         (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           State appropriations—noncapital         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (outflows)         (28,62         22,662			2007	2006
Tuition and fees   \$ 208,947   204,739     Student loans collected   6,221   6,473     Sales of products   16,703   16,737     Sales of services   112,069   103,681     Grants and contracts   247,248   246,336     State fee for service contract   74,182   68,214     Other operating receipts   3,109   3,093     Cash payments:                   Scholarships disbursed   (5,209)   (6,032)     Payments to employees   (458,898)   (423,899)     Payments to employees   (458,898)   (423,899)     Payments to suppliers   (206,016)   (193,268)     Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities   (7,639)   19,770     Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:           State appropriations – noncapital   3,250   (304,449,444,444)     Cash flows from payments for other than capital purposes   19,147   19,598     Agency (direct lending inflows)   (88,592)   (89,559)     Other agency (inflows)   (28,125)   (27,802)     Payments to governing boards or other institutions   754   82     Other agency (outflows)   (28,125)   (27,802)     Payments to governing boards or other institutions   754   82     Other nonoperating revenues   2,836   2,157     Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities   25,786   22,667     Cash flows from capital and related financing activities   25,786   22,667     Cash flows from capital debt   (3,273)   (3,037)     Net cash used in capital and related financing activities   (6,957)   (6,327)     Interest on capital debt   (3,273)   (3,037)     Net cash used in capital and related financing activities   (67,319)   (44,494)     Cash flows from investing activities:   Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments   9,573   8,325     Purchase of investments   9,573   8,325     Purchase of investments   9,9653   (8,664)     Investment earnings   12,293   6,120	Cash flows from operating activities:			
Student loans collected         6,221         6,473           Sales of products         16,703         16,773           Sales of services         112,069         103,681           Grants and contracts         247,248         246,336           State fee for service contract         74,182         68,214           Other operating receipts         3,109         3,093           Cash payments:         Scholarships disbursed         (5,209)         (6,032)           Student loans disbursed         (5,995)         (6,304)           Payments to employees         (458,888)         (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         7,639         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           State appropriations – noncapital         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Other agency (inflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutio				
Student loans collected         6,221         6,473           Sales of products         16,703         16,737           Sales of services         112,069         103,681           Grants and contracts         247,248         246,336           State fee for service contract         74,182         68,214           Other operating receipts         3,109         3,093           Cash payments:         Scholarships disbursed         (5,209)         (6,032)           Student loans disbursed         (5,995)         (6,304)           Payments to suppliers         (458,898)         (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         7,639         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           State appropriations—noncapital         3,250         —           Girls and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (28,25)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions	Tuition and fees	\$	208,947	204,739
Sales of products         16,703         16,737           Sales of services         112,069         103,681           Grants and contracts         247,248         246,336           State fee for service contract         74,182         68,214           Other operating receipts         3,109         3,093           Cash payments:         5,209         (6,032)           Scholarships disbursed         (5,209)         (6,032)           Student loans disbursed         (5,995)         (6,304)           Payments to employees         (458,898)         (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         7,639         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         -           State appropriations – noncapital         3,250         -           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         88,592         89,559           Other agency (inflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82 <td>Student loans collected</td> <td>·</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Student loans collected	·		
Sales of services         112,069         103,681           Grants and contracts         247,248         246,336           State fee for service contract         74,182         68,214           Other operating receipts         3,109         3,093           Cash payments:         3,109         3,093           Student loans disbursed         (5,209)         (6,032)           Student loans disbursed         (5,995)         (6,304)           Payments to employees         (458,898)         (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           State appropriations — noncapital         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754	Sales of products			
Grants and contracts         247,248         246,336           State fee for service contract         74,182         68,214           Other operating receipts         3,109         3,093           Cash payments:         \$	Sales of services		112,069	
Other operating receipts         3,109         3,093           Cash payments:         (5,209)         (6,032)           Scholarships disbursed         (5,995)         (6,304)           Payments to employees         (458,898)         (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667	Grants and contracts		247,248	
Other operating receipts         3,109         3,093           Cash payments:         (5,209)         (6,032)           Student loans disbursed         (5,995)         (6,304)           Payments to employees         (458,898)         (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           State appropriations – noncapital         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital adebt         8,246         1,387           Capital appropriations <td>State fee for service contract</td> <td></td> <td>74,182</td> <td>68,214</td>	State fee for service contract		74,182	68,214
Scholarships disbursed         (5,209)         (6,032)           Student loans disbursed         (5,995)         (6,304)           Payments to employees         (458,898)         (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         (88,592)         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         754         82           Other agency (outflows)         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         4,387         2,386           Proceeds from capital and related financing activities         6,967         6,327           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         48,338			3,109	3,093
Student loans disbursed Payments to employees Payments to employees Payments to employees (458,898) (423,899)         (6,304) (423,899)           Payments to suppliers         (206,016) (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639) 19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250 ——           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147 19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592 89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592) (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         27,924 28,632           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125) (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754 82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836 2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities:         ——           Proceeds from capital and related financing activities:         ——           Proceeds from capital debt         ——           State capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281 11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616) (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957) (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (3,273) (3,037)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (67				
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers         (458,898) (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)				
Payments to suppliers         (206,016)         (193,268)           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           State appropriations – noncapital         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (6,957)         (6,327)     <				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities         (7,639)         19,770           Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (28,8592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (3,273)         (3,037)				
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (3,273)         (3,037)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (67,319)	Payments to suppliers	_	(206,016)	(193,268)
State appropriations – noncapital         3,250         —           Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (67,319)         (44,494)	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(7,639)	19,770
Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes         19,147         19,598           Agency (direct lending inflows)         88,592         89,559           Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (3,273)         (3,037)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (67,319)         (44,494)           Cash flows from investing activities         9,573         8,325				
Agency (direct lending inflows)       88,592       89,559         Agency (direct lending outflows)       (88,592)       (89,559)         Other agency (inflows)       27,924       28,632         Other agency (outflows)       (28,125)       (27,802)         Payments to governing boards or other institutions       754       82         Other nonoperating revenues       2,836       2,157         Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities       25,786       22,667         Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:       —       —         Proceeds from capital debt       —       —         State capital appropriations       8,246       1,387         Capital grants and contracts, and gifts       19,281       11,821         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (84,616)       (48,338)         Principal paid on capital debt       (6,957)       (6,327)         Interest on capital debt       (3,273)       (3,037)         Net cash used in capital and related financing activities       (67,319)       (44,494)         Cash flows from investing activities:       9,573       8,325         Purchase of investments       9,965)       (8,664)         Investment earnings       12,293       6,120			3,250	********
Agency (direct lending outflows)         (88,592)         (89,559)           Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (3,273)         (3,037)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (67,319)         (44,494)           Cash flows from investing activities:         9,573         8,325           Purchase of investments         9,573         8,325           Purchase of investments         (9,965)         (8,664)			19,147	19,598
Other agency (inflows)         27,924         28,632           Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (3,273)         (3,037)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (67,319)         (44,494)           Cash flows from investing activities:         9,573         8,325           Purchase of investments         (9,965)         (8,664)           Investment earnings         12,293         6,120           Net cash provided by investing activities         11,901         5,781			88,592	89,559
Other agency (outflows)         (28,125)         (27,802)           Payments to governing boards or other institutions         754         82           Other nonoperating revenues         2,836         2,157           Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities         25,786         22,667           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:         —         —           Proceeds from capital debt         —         —           State capital appropriations         8,246         1,387           Capital grants and contracts, and gifts         19,281         11,821           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (84,616)         (48,338)           Principal paid on capital debt         (6,957)         (6,327)           Interest on capital debt         (3,273)         (3,037)           Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (67,319)         (44,494)           Cash flows from investing activities:         9,573         8,325           Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments         9,573         8,325           Purchase of investments         (9,965)         (8,664)           Investment earnings         12,293         6,120           Net cash provided by investing activities         11,901         5,781				(89,559)
Payments to governing boards or other institutions Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating revenues  Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities  Proceeds from capital and related financing activities:  Proceeds from capital debt State capital appropriations Capital grants and contracts, and gifts Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt (6,957) Interest on capital debt (6,957) Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Purchase of investments (9,965) Investment earnings 11,901  Net cash provided by investing activities  11,901  5,781			27,924	28,632
Other nonoperating revenues2,8362,157Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities25,78622,667Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from capital debt——State capital appropriations8,2461,387Capital grants and contracts, and gifts19,28111,821Acquisition and construction of capital assets(84,616)(48,338)Principal paid on capital debt(6,957)(6,327)Interest on capital debt(3,273)(3,037)Net cash used in capital and related financing activities(67,319)(44,494)Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments9,5738,325Purchase of investments(9,965)(8,664)Investment earnings12,2936,120Net cash provided by investing activities11,9015,781	Other agency (outflows)			
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 25,786 22,667  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Proceeds from capital debt State capital appropriations 8,246 1,387  Capital grants and contracts, and gifts 19,281 11,821  Acquisition and construction of capital assets (84,616) (48,338)  Principal paid on capital debt (6,957) (6,327)  Interest on capital debt (3,273) (3,037)  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (67,319) (44,494)  Cash flows from investing activities:  Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments 9,573 8,325  Purchase of investments (9,965) (8,664)  Investment earnings 12,293 6,120  Net cash provided by investing activities 11,901 5,781	Payments to governing boards or other institutions			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:  Proceeds from capital debt  State capital appropriations Capital grants and contracts, and gifts Acquisition and construction of capital assets (84,616) (48,338) Principal paid on capital debt (6,957) (6,327) Interest on capital debt (3,273) (3,037)  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (67,319) (44,494)  Cash flows from investing activities:  Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Purchase of investments (9,965) (8,664) Investment earnings Net cash provided by investing activities  11,901 5,781	Other nonoperating revenues		2,836	2,157
Proceeds from capital debt State capital appropriations Capital grants and contracts, and gifts 19,281 11,821 Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt (6,957) Interest on capital debt (6,957)  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Purchase of investments (9,965) Investment earnings Net cash provided by investing activities  Net cash provided by investing activities  11,901 5,781	Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		25,786	22,667
State capital appropriations8,2461,387Capital grants and contracts, and gifts19,28111,821Acquisition and construction of capital assets(84,616)(48,338)Principal paid on capital debt(6,957)(6,327)Interest on capital debt(3,273)(3,037)Net cash used in capital and related financing activities(67,319)(44,494)Cash flows from investing activities:9,5738,325Purchase of investments9,965)(8,664)Investment earnings12,2936,120Net cash provided by investing activities11,9015,781				
Capital grants and contracts, and gifts Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt (6,957) Interest on capital debt (6,957) Net cash used in capital and related financing activities Proceeds from investing activities: Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Purchase of investments Investment earnings Net cash provided by investing activities  Net cash provided by investing activities  11,901 11,821 (44,338) (84,616) (6,957) (6,327) (3,037) (44,494) (67,319) (44,494) (67,319) (44,494) (67,319) (7,319) (7,319) (7,319) (8,664) (8,664) (8,664) (9,965) (8,664) (9,965) (8,664) (9,965)			_	_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt (6,957) Interest on capital debt (6,957) Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (67,319)  Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Purchase of investments Investment earnings Net cash provided by investing activities  Net cash provided by investing activities  11,901  (48,338) (6,327) (6,327) (3,037) (44,494) (67,319) (44,494) (67,319) (7,319) (7,319) (8,664) (8,664) (8,664) (9,965) (8,664) (8,664) (9,965) (8,664) (9,965) (9,96			8,246	1,387
Principal paid on capital debt Interest on capital debt  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  Cash flows from investing activities:  Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments  Purchase of investments Investment earnings  Net cash provided by investing activities  Net cash provided by investing activities  11,901  (6,327) (3,037) (44,494)  (44,494)  (8,664) (8,664) (9,965) (8,664) (1,20) (1,901) (1,			19,281	11,821
Interest on capital debt  Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  (67,319)  Cash flows from investing activities:  Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments  Purchase of investments  Investment earnings  Net cash provided by investing activities  Net cash provided by investing activities  (3,273)  (3,037)  (44,494)  (67,319)  (9,573)  (8,664)  (8,664)  11,293  (8,664)  11,901  5,781				(48,338)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (67,319) (44,494)  Cash flows from investing activities:  Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments 9,573 8,325  Purchase of investments (9,965) (8,664)  Investment earnings 12,293 6,120  Net cash provided by investing activities 11,901 5,781			(6,957)	(6,327)
Cash flows from investing activities:  Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Purchase of investments Investment earnings  Net cash provided by investing activities  Possible 19,573 Pyposition 9,573 P	Interest on capital debt	_	(3,273)	(3,037)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments 9,573 8,325 Purchase of investments (9,965) (8,664) Investment earnings 12,293 6,120  Net cash provided by investing activities 11,901 5,781	Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(67,319)	(44,494)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments 9,573 8,325 Purchase of investments (9,965) (8,664) Investment earnings 12,293 6,120  Net cash provided by investing activities 11,901 5,781	Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of investments $(9,965)$ $(8,664)$ Investment earnings $12,293$ $6,120$ Net cash provided by investing activities $11,901$ $5,781$			9.573	8 325
Investment earnings 12,293 6,120  Net cash provided by investing activities 11,901 5,781				
	Net cash provided by investing activities		11,901	5,781
	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			

#### Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		2007	2006
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	233,703 70,385	223,935 76,429
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		304,088	300,364
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash		223,066 43,751	233,703 70,385
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	266,817	304,088
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		•	
Operating loss Adjustments:	\$	(34,383)	(24,573)
Depreciation expense		37,540	36,690
Noncash operating transactions Decrease (increase) in assets:		1,374	1,001
Receivables, net		(14.202)	(5.469)
Inventories and prepaids		(14,382)	(5,468)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		(2,980)	(141)
Accounts payable		2,702	(3,288)
Accrued liabilities		(1,600)	9,795
Deferred revenue		1,278	1,811
Deposits held for others		(6)	12
Compensated absence liabilities		2,714	2,874
Other liabilities	_	104	1,057
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(7,639)	19,770
Noncash activities:			
Noncash gifts	\$	4,138	3,335
Noncash capital leases	•	317	1,444
Noncash additions to investments held by CSU Foundation		1,457	494
Unrealized gains (losses)		2,441	(3,158)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (1) Governance and Reporting Entity

#### (a) Governance

The Colorado State University System (the System) is an institution of higher education of the State of Colorado. For financial reporting purposes, the System is included as part of the State of Colorado's primary government. The Board of Governors (the Board) is the governing board of the System. The Board consists of nine members appointed by the Governor of the State of Colorado and four nonvoting representatives from the institutions. In addition to these financial statements, the System's financial activity is also included in the basic financial statements of the State of Colorado.

#### (b) Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the operations of the System. The System conducts its operations through the following two institutions:

Colorado State University – (CSU) Colorado State University – Pueblo (CSU-P)

Since CSU is the state's land grant institution, it includes the Agriculture Experiment Station, CSU Extension, and the Colorado State Forest Service. In addition, the accompanying financial statements contain the financial activity of the System offices. Unaudited financial statements are available upon request from each of the institutions.

As a higher education institution of the State of Colorado, the income of the System is generally exempt from income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). However, income unrelated to the exempt purpose of the System would be subject to tax under IRC Section 511(a)(2)(B). The System had no material unrelated business income for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

#### (c) Discretely Presented Component Unit

The System follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity. This Statement provides guidance to determine whether certain organizations for which the System is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the System. The Colorado State University Foundation (the Foundation or CSUF) has been determined to be a component unit of the System and has therefore been included as a discretely presented component unit in the System financial reporting entity. The Colorado State University Research Foundation and the Colorado State University – Pueblo Foundation do not meet the criteria to be reported as component units.

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity that was established to receive, manage, and invest philanthropic gifts on behalf of CSU. The majority of resources, or income thereon, that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the university by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, CSU, the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Foundation is considered a component unit of the System and is discretely presented in the CSU System 2007 and 2006 financial statements.

The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement No. 117, *Financial Reporting for Not-for-Profit Organizations*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the System's financial reporting entity for these differences, as permitted by GASB Statement No. 39.

The Foundation was established in 1970 as an independent 501(c)(3) organization. The primary purpose of the Foundation is to receive, manage, and invest philanthropic gifts to CSU. The officers of the Foundation are appointed by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors consists of five voting members. Four voting members are community members elected by the Board of Directors and the fifth voting member is the President of the Foundation. The three ex-officio, nonvoting members of the Board of Directors serve by virtue of title: President of Colorado State University, the CSU Vice President for Advancement and Strategic Initiatives, and the CSU Vice President for Finance and Administration. No person who is an employee of CSU is eligible to serve as an officer of the Foundation or as a voting Board Member.

The major source for the Foundation's revenue is gifts. Of the \$59,809,000 in revenue for the 2006 – 2007 fiscal year, gifts accounted for \$28,762,000. Of the \$61,552,000 in revenue for the 2005 – 2006 fiscal year, gifts accounted for \$43,782,000. The remaining revenue was primarily due to earnings on investments.

The support provided by the Foundation to CSU is intended to assist in the promotion, development, and enhancement of the facilities and educational programs and opportunities of the faculty, students, and alumni of CSU. Additionally, the Foundation provides receipts to contributors and invests philanthropic gifts. Approximately \$23,642,000 and \$26,133,000 was transferred to CSU for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, in pursuit of the above-stated objectives.

Endowments and the related expendable accounts of CSU are held by the Colorado State University Foundation for investment safekeeping. These funds amounted to \$14,473,000 and \$13,015,000 as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and are reported as deposits held in custody for CSU in the financial statements of the Colorado State University Foundation.

Audited financial statements for the Foundation are available at 410 University Services Center, Fort Collins, CO 80523.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The System has implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, with regard to the application of FASB pronouncements applicable to its proprietary operations. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 20, the System has applied those FASB statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989. The System has elected not to apply FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

Any effort to reconcile this report with presentations made for other purposes, such as data submitted with the legislative budget request of the System, must take into consideration the differences in the bases of accounting and other requirements for the presentation of such information.

# (3) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For financial reporting purposes, the System is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the basic financial statements of the System have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Presentation is also in accordance with the State of Colorado Higher Education Accounting Standard No. 17. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

#### (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash-on-hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit with financial institutions, pooled cash with the State Treasurer, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity when purchased of three months or less.

#### (b) Investments

Investments are accounted for at fair value, which is determined based on quoted market prices. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

#### (c) Inventories

Inventories, consisting of livestock; facilities and housing maintenance supplies; medical, pharmaceutical, and laboratory supplies; food supplies; books; and soft-goods are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined either on the first-in/first-out, average-cost, specific-identification, or on the retail method. Livestock inventories have been recorded at the lower of cost or market using unit livestock costing methods and estimated animal weights.

#### (d) Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Investments

Assets are reported as restricted when restrictions on asset use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the assets. For the System, examples of restricted cash and cash equivalents and restricted investments include cash and cash equivalents required as bond reserves, unexpended bond proceeds, and investments held by endowment funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (e) Capital Assets

Land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, leasehold improvements, library materials, collections, and equipment are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or fair market value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. Capitalization limits vary at the two institutions ranging from \$5,000 to \$50,000. At CSU, library materials are valued at average acquisition cost. At CSUP, library materials are valued at actual cost.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 10 to 70 years for buildings, 10 to 20 years for land improvements, 5 to 10 years for library books, 3 to 12 years for equipment, and 8 to 40 years for leasehold improvements. Depreciation expense was not allocated among functional categories.

Renovations to buildings and other improvements that significantly increase the value and extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to expense. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as construction in progress throughout the building project.

During capital construction, interest cost is capitalized from the date of the tax-exempt borrowing to the date the qualifying asset is ready for use. Once the capital asset is ready for use, the net cost of interest on the tax-exempt borrowing is capitalized and added to the acquisition cost of the asset.

The System has capitalized collections such as works of art and historical artifacts. The nature of certain collections is such that the value and usefulness of the collection does not change over time. These collections have not been depreciated in the System's financial statements.

Assets under capital leases are recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments and are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset being leased.

The System evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. Capital assets are generally considered impaired if a decline in service utility occurs, the impairment is material, and the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. Impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the System are reported at the lower of carrying value or fair value. Impairment losses on capital assets that will continue to be used by the System are measured using the method that best reflects the diminished service utility of the capital asset. If evidence is available to demonstrate that impairment will be temporary, the capital asset is not written down. There were no impairments of capital assets at June 30, 2007, however there was an impairment of the University Center for the Arts project at June 30, 2006.

#### (f) Compensated Absence Liabilities

The amount of compensated absence liabilities that are recorded as a current liability on the statements of net assets are the higher of the historical annual amount of separation payouts or the known amount of separation payouts. The remaining balance of the compensated absence liabilities is recorded as a long-term liability on the statements of net assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (g) Net Assets

Net assets of the System are classified as follows:

*Invested in capital assets, net of related debt* – This represents the total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

**Restricted net assets – nonexpendable** – Nonexpendable restricted net assets consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

**Restricted net assets – expendable** – Restricted expendable net assets include resources in which the System is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or debt agreements.

Unrestricted net assets – Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, state fee for service reserves, and sales and services of educational activities. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the System and may be used to meet current expenses for any purposes. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty, and staff. Unrestricted net assets may be designated by actions of the Board.

**Discretely presented component unit** – Net assets of the Foundation and the changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Unrestricted net assets – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Temporarily restricted net assets – Net assets are subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met either by actions of the Foundation and/or the passage of time. When a restriction expires, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Permanently restricted net assets – Net assets are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that they be maintained permanently by the Foundation.

#### (h) Classification of Revenues

In fiscal year 2006, the College Opportunity Fund legislation was implemented and state support was delivered to the System as operating revenue in the form of payment for fee for service contracts with the state. In addition, the state provided stipends to students, which were then used to pay tuition, which is also recorded as operating revenue. In fiscal year 2005, state support was provided in the form of a state appropriation that was reported as nonoperating revenue.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2007 and 2006

The System has classified revenues as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues consist of services and sales related to teaching, research, and public service, along with auxiliary activities of student, faculty, and staff support. These revenues include: 1) tuition and fees from students (after reduction for scholarship allowances provided with institutional funds); 2) grants and contracts from federal, state, and local governments and private sources including businesses, individuals, and foundations; 3) state fee for service revenues; 4) sales and services of the Veterinary Teaching Hospital and Diagnostic Laboratory; and 5) fees for goods and services of auxiliary operations, such as student housing and dining, student center retail stores, health services, and athletics. Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized when they are earned and measurable.

Operating expenses represent the full cost of providing the services and goods associated with operating revenues. These expenses are accrued when incurred and measurable and reported using functional classifications.

Nonoperating revenues consist primarily of gifts from grantors and donors, and investment income that are relied upon and budgeted for support of operating expenses. Nonoperating expenses include interest expense on capital debt.

Other revenues include revenues from state capital construction and controlled maintenance appropriations, capital gifts, and grants primarily designated for capital purposes. Other expenses include payments to other governing boards or other institutions.

#### (i) Summer Session Revenue and Related Expenses

The System prorates the summer session revenues and expenses based on the number of days between the first day of the summer session and the last day of the summer session which falls before or after June 30.

#### (j) Application of Restricted and Unrestricted Resources

This application is made on a case-by-case basis by management depending on overall program requirements and resources. Generally, management applies restricted resources then unrestricted resources when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to pay an expense.

#### (k) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (l) Reclassifications

Certain 2006 amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 2007 basic financial statement presentation.

#### (4) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The System deposits cash and cash equivalents with the State Treasurer as required by Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS). The State Treasurer pools these deposits and invests them in securities approved by CRS 24-75-601.1. The State Treasury acts as a bank for all state agencies and institutions of higher education, with the exception of the University of Colorado. Moneys deposited in the Treasury are invested until the cash is needed. As of June 30, 2007, the System had cash on deposit with the State Treasurer of \$264,382,000, which represented approximately 4.9% of the total \$5,396,200,000 of deposits in the State Treasurer's Pool (Pool). As of June 30, 2006, the System had cash on deposit with the State Treasurer of \$298,341,000, which represented approximately 6.3% of the value of all deposits in the Pool.

For financial reporting purposes, all of the Treasurer's investments are reported at fair value, which is determined based on quoted market prices at fiscal year-end. On the basis of the System's participation in the Pool, the System reports as an increase or decrease in cash and cash equivalents its share of the Treasurer's unrealized gains and losses on the Pool's underlying investments. The State Treasurer does not invest any of the Pool's resources in any external investment pool. The unrealized gains or losses included in income reflect only the change in fair value for the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, the System had \$264,382,000 and \$298,341,000 on deposit with the State Treasurer. The difference between the System's cash carrying value and on deposit with the State Treasurer and balances at other banks was due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Interest earned on deposits with the state for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$11,940,000 and \$10,527,000, respectively. These amounts reflect increases in cash and cash equivalents and increases or decreases in investment income as a result of recording unrealized gains or losses on deposits with the State Treasurer. The unrealized losses on deposits with the State Treasurer for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, were \$1,500,000 and \$3,941,000 for cash and cash equivalents. The System reflected an unrealized gain of \$2,441,000 on investment income for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and an unrealized loss of \$3,158,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Detailed information on the State Treasurer's pooled cash and cash equivalents and investments is available from the State Treasurer's office.

At June 30, 2007 and 2006, the System's cash not on deposit with the State Treasurer was \$2,434,000 and \$5,747,000, respectively. Cash included petty cash/change funds and bank account balances of \$86,000 and \$2,348,000 as of June 30, 2007 and \$118,000 and \$5,629,000 as of June 30, 2006.

Investments in the Pool are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the state's name, and are held by either the counterparty to the investment purchase or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the state's name. As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, none of the investments in the Pool were subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit quality risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to a debt security will not fulfill its obligations. This risk is assessed by national rating agencies that assign a credit quality rating for many

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

investments. Credit quality ratings for obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not reported; however, credit quality ratings are reported for obligations of U.S. government agencies that are not explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. Based on these parameters, as of June 30, 2007, approximately 89.0% of investments of the Pool are subject to credit quality risk reporting. Except for \$4,993,000 of corporate bonds rated lower medium, these investments are rated from upper medium to the highest quality, which indicates that the issuer has a strong capability to pay principal and interest when due. As of June 30, 2006, approximately 85.5% of investments of the Pool were subject to credit quality risk reporting. These investments are rated from upper medium to the highest quality, which indicates the issuer has a strong capability to pay principal and interest when due.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market rate of interest will adversely affect the value of an investment. In addition to statutory limitations on types of investments, the State Treasurer's investment policy mitigates interest rate risk through the use of maturity limits set to meet the needs of the individual fund if the Treasurer is investing for a specific fund rather than the Pool. The Treasurer actively manages the time to maturity in reacting to changes in the yield curve, economic forecasts, and liquidity needs of the participating funds. The Treasurer further limits investment risk by setting a minimum/maximum range for the percentage of investments subject to interest rate risk and by laddering maturities and credit ratings. As of June 30, 2007, the weighted average maturity of investments in the Pool is 0.08 years for commercial paper (25.6% of the Pool), 0.01 years for money market funds (4.9% of the Pool), 1.10 years for U.S. government securities (40.4% of the Pool), 2.13 years for asset-backed securities (19.3% of the Pool), and 2.68 years for corporate bonds (9.8% of the Pool). As of June 30, 2006, the weighted average maturity of investments in the Pool was 0.10 years for 32% of the Pool, 1.30 years for 41% of the Pool, 2.20 years for 17% of the Pool, and 2.40 years for 10% of the Pool.

The Pool was not subject to foreign currency risk or concentration of credit risk in fiscal year 2007 or in fiscal year 2006.

Additional information on investments of the Pool may be obtained in the state's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2007.

## (5) Restricted Investments

As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, the System's restricted investments had a fair value of \$19,638,000 and \$17,485,000, respectively. Investment earnings for the fiscal years 2007 and 2006 were \$304,000 and \$123,000, respectively.

No investment types were purchased and sold during the years that were not owned as of June 30, 2007 and 2006. The System only invests in U.S. Treasury securities, which are federal guaranteed investments, as required by state law. The System also has investments held by CSUF that are invested in the Foundation's long-term endowment pool, which are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

The following details each major category of the System's investments at fair value as of June 30, 2007 and 2006:

	June 30			
	_	2007	2006	
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	5,166,000	4,470,000	
Investments held by CSUF in long-term endowment pool:				
Corporate equities		1,383,000	1,268,000	
Mutual funds		6,455,000	6,219,000	
Hedge funds		5,340,000	3,564,000	
Other investments	_	1,294,000	1,964,000	
	_	14,472,000	13,015,000	
Total investments	\$_	19,638,000	17,485,000	

#### (a) Credit Quality Risk

At June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006, the System had debt securities in the following credit risk categories:

	June 30			
	 2007	2006		
Money market mutual funds:				
Aaa	\$ 54,000	72,000		
Bond mutual funds:				
Aaa	371,000	526,000		
Aa	77,000	66,000		
A	38,000	28,000		
Baa	19,000	28,000		
Ba	19,000	10,000		
В	´ <u></u>			
Caa		_		
P1	96,000	254,000		
Below P1	19,000	28,000		
Not rated	 			
	\$ 639,000	940,000		

The Foundation investment policy is utilized to manage credit risk relating to the CSU System assets invested in the Foundation's long-term endowment pool. This policy specifies that the dollar weighted average of the fixed income portfolio should be investment grade quality or above.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (b) Interest Rate Risk

At June 30, 2007, the following System investments were subject to interest rate risk:

Type of investment		Fair value	Weighted average maturity (in years)	Duration (in years)
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	5,166,000	0.209	
Investments held by CSUF in long-term endowment pool: Bond mutual funds: PIMCO – Low Duration Fund		639,000	1.590	2.990
Total investments subject to interest rate risk	\$ _	5,805,000		

At June 30, 2006, the following System investments were subject to interest rate risk:

Type of investment		Fair value	Weighted average maturity (in years)	Duration (in years)
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	4,470,000	0.202	
Investments held by CSUF in long-term endowment pool: Bond mutual funds: PIMCO – Low Duration Fund	_	940,000	1.000	2.540
Total investments subject to interest rate risk	\$ _	5,410,000		

The Colorado State University Foundation investment policy is utilized to manage interest rate risk relating to the System amounts invested in the Foundation long-term endowment pool. This policy specifies that the portfolio's weighted average maturity is to be 10 years or less at all times and that the fixed income portion of the portfolio is to be targeted at 20% of the total portfolio with an acceptable range being between 15% and 25%.

The System's U.S. Treasury obligations are invested in accordance with Colorado Revised Statute 23-32-104. This statute requires these investments relating to the CSU land grant fund to be invested in specific types of investments, which includes U.S. Treasury obligations. The System does not have a specific policy relating to the management of interest rate risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Discretely presented component unit — As of June 30, 2007, investments for the Foundation consisted of various securities carried at fair market value as determined by quoted market prices on national exchanges. Alternative investments are valued at the net asset value (NAV) provided by the investment manager. This NAV is computed based on dealer quotations on the fair market value of the underlying securities, the majority of which are traded on national exchanges. Alternative investments comprise two investment types: absolute return and long-term or short-term investments. The goal of absolute return investments is to earn a stable return uncorrelated with equity markets. The goal of long-term or short-term investments is to outperform the S&P 500 Index over the long term with less volatility.

The following details each major category of the Foundation's investments at fair market value as of June 30, 2007 and 2006:

	June 30			
		2007	2006	
Cash and cash equivalents subject to investment				
management direction	\$	909,000	1,105,000	
Equities:			,	
Large-cap equities		57,492,000	49,015,000	
International equities		38,769,000	31,123,000	
Micro-cap equities		12,261,000	10,050,000	
Small-cap equities		10,672,000	9,335,000	
Fixed income		10,674,000	14,513,000	
Alternative investments		89,218,000	78,271,000	
Other investments		21,611,000	6,709,000	
Student-managed investments		178,000	170,000	
	\$	241,784,000	200,291,000	

Net investment income of the Foundation consisted of the following for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006:

	2007	2006
Interest, dividends, and other income Net unrealized and realized gains on investments Less investment management fees	\$ 2,381,000 34,055,000 (1,489,000)	3,002,000 16,809,000 (1,007,000)
Less income on deposits held in custody for CSU	34,947,000 (2,025,000)	18,804,000 (1,150,000)
Does meeting on deposits held in custody for OBO	\$ 32,922,000	17,654,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### Subsequent event

On July 30, 2007, the Foundation was notified that one of the investments held in its portfolio had suffered a decline in value of approximately 50%. Liquidation of this investment is in progress with the final settlement date and investment loss unknown at this time. The investment loss is expected to be approximately \$7 million. The CSU portion of this loss on investment is approximately \$419,000.

#### (6) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown net of allowances for doubtful accounts in the accompanying statements of net assets.

	June 30		
	_	2007	2006
Student accounts receivable	\$	12,054,000	10,826,000
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	-	(3,258,000)	(3,743,000)
Student accounts receivable, net	_	8,796,000	7,083,000
Student loans receivable		25,982,000	25,645,000
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(2,094,000)	(2,044,000)
Student loans receivable, net		23,888,000	23,601,000
Other accounts receivable:			
Sponsored programs		56,523,000	42,537,000
Commercial receivables		2,576,000	2,669,000
Emergency firefighting receivables			1,169,000
Conferences and summer programs		601,000	599,000
Insurance trust fund		237,000	222,000
Receivables from Foundation		644,000	804,000
Athletics		794,000	410,000
Capital construction – due from state		949,000	
Vendor credits		45,000	37,000
Other	_	2,341,000	2,467,000
Total other accounts receivable		64,710,000	50,914,000
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(997,000)	(2,280,000)
Other accounts receivable, net		63,713,000	48,634,000
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ _	96,397,000	79,318,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

*Discretely presented component unit* – As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, the Foundation's pledges receivable consisted of the following:

		June 30			
	_	2007	2006		
Receivables due in less than one year Receivables due in one to five years Receivables due in more than five years	\$	2,362,000 8,315,000 18,487,000	4,841,000 10,760,000 19,453,000		
		29,164,000	35,054,000		
Less allowance for uncollectible pledges Less present value discounting	_	(188,000) (5,941,000)	(220,000) (6,530,000)		
	\$_	23,035,000	28,304,000		

Unconditional promises to give (pledges receivable) are from foundations, corporations, and individuals. The discount factors utilized in the present value calculation are the five-year U.S. Treasury bond rates as of June 30 in the fiscal year the commitment is made.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

# (7) Capital Assets

Following are the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2006	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2007
Nondepreciable capital assets:					
Land \$	- , ,	301,000	(21,000)	948,000	10,898,000
Construction in progress	31,086,000	72,175,000		(19,417,000)	83,844,000
Collections	2,317,000	46,000	(1,045,000)		1,318,000
Total nondepreciable					
capital assets	43,073,000	72,522,000	(1,066,000)	(18,469,000)	96,060,000
Depreciable capital assets:					
Land improvements	50,140,000	2,236,000	4	1,974,000	54,350,000
Buildings and improvements	543,982,000	630,000	(464,000)	15,703,000	559,851,000
Leasehold improvements	838,000	´	_	_	838,000
Equipment	181,163,000	13,255,000	(13,194,000)	792,000	182,016,000
Library materials	84,215,000	3,035,000	(239,000)	_	87,011,000
m . 1 1					
Total depreciable	0.60.220.000	10.154.000	(4.4.00=.000)	10.460.000	
capital assets	860,338,000	19,156,000	(13,897,000)	18,469,000	884,066,000
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	21,165,000	2,476,000	_	_	23,641,000
Buildings and improvements	221,010,000	15,845,000	(245,000)	_	236,610,000
Leasehold improvements	424,000	48,000		_	472,000
Equipment	133,550,000	13,847,000	(12,712,000)		134,685,000
Library materials	56,268,000	5,324,000	(239,000)		61,353,000
Total accumulated					
depreciation	432,417,000	37,540,000	(13,196,000)	_	456,761,000
		·			
Net depreciable	105 001 000	(10.001.000)	( <b>=</b> 04.00*)	40.460.00-	
capital assets	427,921,000	(18,384,000)	(701,000)	18,469,000	427,305,000
Total capital					
assets, net \$	470,994,000	54,138,000	(1,767,000)		523,365,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Following are the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2006:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2006
Nondepreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 9,671,000	weardurer	(1,000)	******	9,670,000
Construction in progress	23,244,000	33,750,000	(2,000) —	(25,908,000)	31,086,000
Collections	2,205,000	112,000			2,317,000
Total nondepreciable	e				
capital assets	35,120,000	33,862,000	(1,000)	(25,908,000)	43,073,000
Depreciable capital assets:					
Land improvements	49,076,000	696,000		368,000	50,140,000
Buildings and improvements	520,077,000	626,000	(1,800,000)	25,079,000	543,982,000
Leasehold improvements	838,000		<del>-</del>		838,000
Equipment	173,863,000	15,227,000	(8,388,000)	461,000	181,163,000
Library materials	80,694,000	3,797,000	(276,000)		84,215,000
Total depreciable					
capital assets	824,548,000	20,346,000	(10,464,000)	25,908,000	860,338,000
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	18,881,000	2,284,000	_	_	21,165,000
Buildings and improvements	205,488,000	15,803,000	(281,000)		221,010,000
Leasehold improvements	377,000	47,000			424,000
Equipment	128,354,000	13,255,000	(8,059,000)	_	133,550,000
Library materials	51,243,000	5,301,000	(276,000)		56,268,000
Total accumulated					
depreciation	404,343,000	36,690,000	(8,616,000)	Park and the second sec	432,417,000
Net depreciable					
capital assets	420,205,000	(16,344,000)	(1,848,000)	25,908,000	427,921,000
Total capital					
assets, net	\$ 455,325,000	17,518,000	(1,849,000)		470,994,000

Interest expense capitalized, net of related interest income for the System, was \$738,000 and \$373,000 for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (8) Accrued Liabilities

The current accrued liabilities balances as of June 30, 2007 and 2006 comprised the following:

		June 30		
	<del>-</del>	2007	2006	
Accrued payroll and benefits Emergency firefighting accrual Accrued interest payable Other liabilities	\$	45,925,000 6,154,000 1,592,000 172,000	44,429,000 7,090,000 1,653,000 134,000	
	\$ _	53,843,000	53,306,000	

# (9) Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2006	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2007	Amounts due within one year
Bonds and capital lease obligations:					
Revenue bonds and COPs					
payable 5	118,071,000		(5,851,000)	112,220,000	5,910,000
Capital leases payable	7,232,000	317,000	(1,517,000)	6,032,000	1,096,000
Total bonds and					
capital leases	125,303,000	317,000	(7,368,000)	118,252,000	7,006,000
Other liabilities:					
Compensated absences	31,535,000	2,714,000		34,249,000	2,156,000
Deposits held for others	12,259,000	19,557,000	(21,621,000)	10,195,000	2,801,000
Other	10,086,000	20,093,000	(19,690,000)	10,489,000	2,614,000
Total long-term					
liabilities	179,183,000	42,681,000	(48,679,000)	173,185,000	14,577,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2006	Amounts due within one year
Bonds and capital lease obligations:					
Revenue bonds and COPs					
payable	123,211,000		(5,140,000)	118,071,000	5,765,000
Capital leases payable	8,313,000	1,444,000	(2,525,000)	7,232,000	1,288,000
Total bonds and					
capital leases	131,524,000	1,444,000	(7,665,000)	125,303,000	7,053,000
Other liabilities:					
Compensated absences	28,661,000	2,909,000	(35,000)	31,535,000	2.133.000
Deposits held for others	11,420,000	17,603,000	(16,764,000)	12,259,000	3,453,000
Other	8,888,000	18,046,000	(16,848,000)	10,086,000	2,489,000
Total long-term					
liabilities	180,493,000	40,002,000	(41,312,000)	179,183,000	15,128,000

## (10) Revenue Bonds and Certificates of Participation (COPs)

The revenue bonds consist of multiple issues to finance acquisition, construction, repair, and equipping of various auxiliary and research facilities of the System. The revenue bonds are payable semiannually, have serial maturities, contain sinking fund requirements, and contain optional redemption provisions. The optional redemption provisions allow the System to redeem at various dates, portions of the outstanding revenue bonds at prices varying from 100% to 101% of the principal amount of the revenue bonds redeemed. Payment of the principal and interest on the bonds is insured by various financial guarantee insurance policies.

A general description of each bond issue, original issuance amount, and the amount outstanding as of June 30, 2007 and 2006 is detailed below.

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Revenue bonds and COPs payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Interest range	2007	2006
Colorado State University:			
Colorado State University Student			
Sports Recreational Facilities Bonds			
of 1998, issued in the original amount			
of \$2,785,000 and mature in varying annual amounts to April 2017	3.80% - 5.13%	\$ 1,755,000	1 200 000
Colorado State University Auxiliary	3.00/0 - 3.13/0	\$ 1,733,000	1,890,000
Facilities Bonds of 1996, issued in the			
original amount of \$17,380,000			
and mature in varying annual			
amounts to March 2008	3.80% - 5.60%	525,000	2,435,000
Colorado State University Auxiliary			
Facilities Bonds of 1997, issued in the			
original amount of \$13,420,000 and			
mature in varying annual amounts to	2.050/ 5.120/	11 265 000	11 650 000
March 2017 Colorado State University Research	3.85% – 5.13%	11,365,000	11,650,000
Building and Revolving Fund Bonds			
of 1997, issued in the original amount			
of \$4,420,000 and mature in varying			
annual amounts to December 2008	4.00% - 4.60%	1,045,000	1,530,000
Colorado State University Research			
Building and Revolving Fund Bonds			
of 2001, issued in the original amount			
of \$6,965,000 and mature in varying	2.050/ 4.200/	2 145 000	2.055.000
annual amounts to December 2010 Colorado State University Auxiliary	3.85% - 4.30%	3,145,000	3,855,000
Facilities Bonds of 2003 A, issued in			
the original amount of \$15,615,000			
and mature in varying annual			
amounts to March 2017	2.50% - 5.25%	12,955,000	13,650,000
Colorado State University Auxiliary			, ,
Facilities Bonds of 2003 B, issued in			
the original amount of \$20,535,000			
and mature in varying annual	2.500/ 5.000/	10 500 000	20.160.000
amounts to March 2035 Colorado State University Research	2.50% - 5.00%	19,780,000	20,160,000
Building and Revolving Fund Bonds			
of 2005 A, issued in the original amount			
of \$10,045,000 and mature in varying			
annual amounts to December 2020	3.25% - 5.00%	9,535,000	10,045,000
			, ,

# Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

	Interest range	2007	2006
Colorado State University Auxiliary Facilities Bonds of 2005 B, issued in the original amount of \$45,200,000 and mature in varying annual amounts to March 2035 Bond premium	3.50% – 5.00% \$	45,200,000 1,380,000	45,200,000 1,466,000
Total CSU revenue bonds	_	106,685,000	111,881,000
Series 1997 Certificates of Participation: Colorado State University has a lease purchase agreement funded by issuance of COPS for finance or refinance of construction, other acquisition and equipping of buildings with a value of \$4,670,000. The COPS bear interest ranging from 4.25% to 5.35%, payable semiannually with a final maturity in 2018	4.25% – 5.35%	3,205,000	3,420,000
Total CSU COPs		3,205,000	3,420,000
Total CSU revenue bonds and COPs	-	109,890,000	115,301,000
Colorado State University – Pueblo Recreational Facilities and Occiato Student Center Bonds of 2003, issued in the original amount of \$3,625,000 and mature in varying annual amounts to August 2011	2.00% – 3.25%	2,330,000	2,770,000
Total CSUP revenue bonds	•	2,330,000	2,770,000
System total revenue	-	_,	2,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
bonds and COPs	\$	112,220,000	118,071,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

The scheduled maturities of the revenue bonds and COPs are as follows:

		_	Principal		Interest	Total payments
2008		\$	5,910,000		4,933,000	10,843,000
2009			6,405,000		4,691,000	11,096,000
2010			5,900,000		4,436,000	10,336,000
2011			6,105,000		4,197,000	10,302,000
2012			5,130,000		3,965,000	9,095,000
2013 - 2017			26,505,000		16,476,000	42,981,000
2018 - 2022			14,005,000		11,181,000	25,186,000
2023 - 2027			12,980,000		8,238,000	21,218,000
2028 - 2032			16,245,000		5,015,000	21,260,000
2033 - 2037		_	11,655,000		1,101,000	12,756,000
То	tal debt service maturities		110,840,000	\$	64,233,000	175,073,000
Unamortized pre-	mium		1,380,000	_		
То	tal	\$	112,220,000	_		

The CSU Research Building Revolving Fund (RBRF) revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of net revenues of the RBRF Enterprise. These revenues include all revenues derived by CSU from the operation of the pledged facilities including allocated recoveries on research contracts and grants performed under the auspices of CSU. See note 12 for more information regarding these pledged revenues.

The CSU Auxiliary Facilities Bonds are secured by a pledge of all net revenues derived at CSU from the operation of the auxiliary pledged facilities, special fees assessed to students or any other persons, and investment earnings on the balances in the applicable revenue fund. See note 12 for more information regarding these pledged revenues.

The CSU-P Series 2003 revenue bonds are secured by the net pledged revenues derived from student fees and net revenues from the operation of CSU-P auxiliary facilities, including CSU-P's student housing facilities, and student center facilities. See note 12 for more information regarding these pledged revenues.

The Revenue Bonds are special limited obligations of the Board of Governors and do not constitute a general obligation of the Board or the System.

## Subsequent Events - Series 2007A-C

On September 6, 2007, the System issued \$210,045,000 in System Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A-C. The proceeds from the sale of the Series 2007A-C Bonds will be used to defray the costs of (a) constructing, acquiring, renovating, expanding, and equipping of certain recreation, research, athletics, educational, and academic facilities at CSU and CSU-P; (b) refunding all or a portion of certain outstanding obligations of the Board; (c) paying capitalized interest; and (d) paying the costs of issuing the Series 2007A-C Bonds. Principal on current refunded bonds and certificates of participation totals

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

\$19,285,000. Principal on advance refunded bonds totals \$14,900,000. The revenue bonds bear interest rates from 4.000% to 5.883% with final maturity in 2037.

#### (11) Defeased Obligations

The System had no defeased obligations outstanding for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

## (12) Pledged Revenues and Related Expenses

CSU and CSU-P are required to pledge certain revenues and report related expenses in accordance with the various bond resolutions. The pledged revenues and related expenses were as follows:

CSU Research Building Revolving Fund Enterprise Revenue Bonds:

	June 30		
	_	2007	2006
Operating revenues – pledged auxiliary revenues Operating expenses	\$_	3,747,000 1,155,000	3,603,000 1,959,000
Pledged revenues over operating expenses		2,592,000	1,644,000
Net nonoperating expenses Other expenses and transfers	_	(311,000) (4,126,000)	(232,000) (8,616,000)
Net decrease	\$ _	(1,845,000)	(7,204,000)

The debt covenants for the above bonds require indirect cost recoveries from research-related grants to be pledged. The pledged revenue reported above includes \$2,447,000 and \$2,270,000 in such indirect cost recoveries for fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, which is the amount of actual indirect cost recoveries used to support the related bond activity. The remaining amount of indirect cost recoveries required to be pledged is \$36,454,000 and \$35,299,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

CSU Enterprise System Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds (including Auxiliary Facilities Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds and Student Sports Recreational Facilities Revenue Bonds):

		June 30		
	_	2007	2006	
Operating revenues – pledged auxiliary revenues Operating expenses	\$	80,805,000 76,088,000	76,713,000 73,957,000	
Pledged revenues over operating expenses		4,717,000	2,756,000	
Net nonoperating expenses Other revenues and transfers	_	(985,000) 31,000	(1,440,000) 166,000	
Net increase	\$ _	3,763,000	1,482,000	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Colorado State University-Pueblo Auxiliary Facilities Enterprise Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds:

		June 30		
	_	2007	2006	
Operating revenues – pledged auxiliary revenues Operating expenses	\$_	10,098,000 5,606,000	8,822,000 6,954,000	
Pledged revenue over operating expenses		4,492,000	1,868,000	
Net nonoperating revenues Transfers	_	(699,000)	(942,000)	
Net increase	\$_	3,793,000	926,000	

The revenue bonds contain provisions to establish and maintain reasonable fees, rates, and other charges to ensure gross revenues are sufficient for debt service coverage. The System is also required to comply with various other covenants while the bonds are outstanding. Managements of the two institutions believe the universities have met all debt service coverage ratios and have complied with all bond covenants.

## (13) Capital Lease Obligations

The following is a schedule of the System's future minimum lease payments for obligations under capital leases for each of the five subsequent fiscal years and for five-year increments thereafter.

		Total
Fiscal year ending June 30:		
2008	\$	1,352,000
2009		1,109,000
2010		856,000
2011		770,000
2012		574,000
2013 - 2017	_	2,504,000
Minimum future lease payments		7,165,000
Less amount representing interest	_	1,133,000
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	6,032,000

Capital lease agreements have been utilized to provide for the use of property and equipment. As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, the System had capital lease obligations in effect with capitalized asset costs of \$11,739,000 and \$12,679,000; accumulated depreciation of \$2,698,000 and \$2,579,000; and related outstanding liabilities of \$6,032,000 and \$7,232,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (14) Operating Leases

The following is a schedule of the System's aggregate minimum rental commitments for operating leases of real and personal property for each of the five subsequent fiscal years.

	Future minimum obligations for operating leases
Fiscal year ending June 30:	
2008	\$ 928,000
2009	689,000
2010	431,000
2011	38,000
2012	24,000
Total	\$ 2,110,000

Rent expense was \$1,482,000 and \$1,016,000 for fiscal years 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### (15) Net Assets

The System is subject to multiple constraints, including those imposed by Colorado Constitutional and related legislative actions, State of Colorado statutes, and bond covenants in conjunction with statutory provisions on pledging revenues of the auxiliary facilities.

Student loan money is expended according to external restrictions imposed by the program funding sources. The federal programs are administered according to Department of Education Blue Book guidelines. The state match money is restricted by the Colorado Commission on Higher Education policy for student loan programs. The amounts restricted are \$25,439,000 and \$25,958,000 and are reported as restricted net assets – expendable on the statements of net assets as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The auxiliary facilities included in the CSU Student and Faculty Services have outstanding debt that is supported by pledges of revenue earned by the facilities. Under the bond covenants and statutes in effect at the time of debt issuance, any excess reserves earned by the auxiliary facilities are restricted for use by the auxiliary operations. The amounts so restricted of \$18,544,000 and \$17,323,000 are reported as restricted net assets – expendable on the statements of net assets as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Colorado Revised Statute 23-31-135 requires a support fee to be annually assessed to cooperative state or accountable students in the System's professional veterinary medicine program. The statute specifies that this fee must be credited to a reserve account and used for renovation projects and for the acquisition or replacement of equipment. As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, this reserve had net assets of \$1,676,000 and \$1,479,000, respectively. These amounts were reported as restricted expendable net assets on the statements of net assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

Total restricted net assets were as follows:

	_	2007	2006
Restricted for nonexpendable purposes: Scholarships, research, and other Federal Land Grant Act Account – nonexpendable	\$ _	14,671,000 5,233,000	13,250,000 4,632,000
Total	\$_	19,904,000	17,882,000
Restricted for expendable purposes:	_		
Federal Land Grant Act Income Account – expendable Student loans Sponsored programs Gifts Bond reserves Auxiliary pledged net assets Research Building Revolving Fund Equipment reserve for veterinary medicine Other	\$	4,779,000 25,439,000 1,582,000 1,865,000 1,300,000 18,544,000 3,718,000 1,676,000 3,285,000	4,224,000 25,958,000 — 1,989,000 1,300,000 17,323,000 3,789,000 1,479,000 434,000
Total	\$ _	62,188,000	56,496,000

Although other amounts reflected in unrestricted net assets are not externally restricted, they may be internally designated by the System's administration for various purposes.

In regard to the net assets of the Foundation, temporarily restricted net assets and the income earned on permanently restricted net assets, consisting of endowment funds to be held in perpetuity, are available to support CSU by providing funds for student scholarships, capital improvements, research, and other educational purposes and activities. Also, as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, the Foundation's board has designated \$25,695,000 and \$18,680,000, respectively, of the unrestricted net assets to be used for board-designated endowments.

## (16) Commitments

Outstanding purchase order commitments against future funds not reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2007 were \$86,759,000 for the System. These outstanding purchase order commitments included System capital construction commitments of approximately \$57,242,000. Approximately \$22,127,000 of the capital construction commitments were for the renovation of the CSU University Center For The Arts, \$10,265,000 for the new CSU Academic Village, \$8,362,000 for the CSUP HPER Building renovation, \$2,878,000 for the CSU Linear Accelerator, \$2,322,000 for mechanical and fire suppression improvements to the CSU Veterinary Teaching Hospital, \$1,488,000 for the CSU Diagnostic Medical Center, \$1,286,000 for the CSU Regional Materials Handling Facility, \$896,000 for the CSUP Recreation Center, \$633,000 for the CSU Regional Biocontainment Laboratory, \$543,000 for the CSU CHILL Radar Facility, and the remaining commitments are for other small construction projects at CSU and CSUP. Of the remaining outstanding purchase order commitments, \$20,639,000 was related to CSU-sponsored contracts and grants.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

In addition to purchase order commitments, the System had contracted obligations of \$21,512,000 at June 30, 2007 related to employment-hiring incentives and shared costs on long-term federal revenue contracts. The hiring incentives arise in recruiting faculty and research scientists whereby the System commits to pay for various laboratory remodeling, equipment, and other costs that are important to the person in accepting the position offer. This obligation is binding on the System upon acceptance of the employment offer and is recorded as a liability at that time. The shared cost obligations arise in connection with federal contracts and grants in which the System agrees to pay for certain costs beyond what would otherwise be reimbursed by the sponsor under the contract or grant. Although the System can exercise cancellation clauses to avoid these shared cost obligations, the System has not used that option to avoid such obligations, and such costs are considered highly probable in the future. In both cases, settlement of the obligation involves payment to third parties, generally within three years.

Outstanding commitments at June 30, 2007 were:

Purchase order commitments Shared cost obligations on long-term revenue contracts Obligations under accepted employment offers	\$ 86,759,000 10,359,000 11,153,000
Total	\$ 108,271,000

## (17) Employment Benefits

Employees of the System, eligible for retirement benefits, participate in one of three retirement plans. Eligible student employees participate in a student retirement plan, which is funded solely by contributions from the student employees. All other eligible employees of the System participate in one of two additional plans, the Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA) plan or an optional defined contribution plan.

The System's total payroll for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$414,105,000 and \$389,547,000, respectively. Payroll for employees covered by the PERA plan, the optional defined contribution plan, and the student retirement plan was \$148,102,000, \$203,754,000, and \$6,667,000 respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and \$144,050,000, \$187,986,000, and \$6,315,000 respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The remaining employees were not eligible for participation in any of the System's plans.

## (a) PERA Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

Eligible System employees participate in PERA. The plan's purpose is to provide income to members and their families at retirement or in case of death or disability. The plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by PERA. PERA was established by state statute in 1931. Responsibility for the organization and administration of the plan is placed with the Board of Trustees of PERA. Changes to the plan require legislation by the General Assembly. The state plan, as well as the other divisions' plans, are included in PERA's financial statements, which may be obtained by writing to PERA of Colorado, P.O. Box 5800, Denver, Colorado 80217, or by calling PERA at 303-832-9550 or 1-800-729-PERA (7372), or by visiting www.copera.org.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Prior to January 1, 2006, state employees and employees of local school districts were members of the combined State and School Division of PERA. On January 1, 2006, that combined division was segregated into a State Division and a separate School Division. PERA's financial statements at December 31, 2005, presented the state and school portions of the trust as a single division.

Plan members vest after five years of service, and if they were hired before July 1, 2005, most are eligible for retirement benefits at age 50 with 30 years of service, age 60 with 20 years of service, or at age 65 with five years of service. Persons hired on or after July 1, 2005, (except plan members, inactive plan members, and retirees) are eligible for retirement benefits at any age with 35 years of service, at age 55 with 30 years of service, at age 60 with 20 years of service, or at age 65 with 5 years of service. Members are also eligible for retirement benefits without a reduction for early retirement if they are at least 55 and have a minimum of five years of service credit, and their age plus years of service equals 80 or more. Monthly benefits are calculated as a percentage of highest average salary (HAS). HAS is one-twelfth of the average of the highest salaries on which contributions were paid, associated with three periods of twelve consecutive months of service credit. Members disabled, who have five or more years of service credit, six months of which has been earned since the most recent period of membership, may receive retirement benefits if determined to be disabled. PERA contains benefit provisions for both short and long term disability. If a member dies before retirement, his/her spouse or their eligible children under age 18 (23 if full-time student) are entitled to monthly benefit payments. If there is no eligible spouse, financially dependent parents will receive a survivor's benefit.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and their employers are established, and may be amended, by the General Assembly. Annual "gross covered wages" subject to PERA are the gross earnings less any reduction in pay to offset employee contributions to benefit plans established under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Employees contribute 8% of their gross covered wages to an individual account with the plan. During fiscal year 2006 – 2007 and 2005 – 2006, the System contributed 10.15% of employees' gross covered wages to PERA of which 1.02% of the total contribution was allocated to the Health Care Trust Fund. Beginning January 1, 2006, in addition to the 10.15% contributed on employees' gross covered wages, the System remitted an Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) payment, discussed below, of 0.5% of employees', including annuitant retirees, gross covered wages.

Per Colorado Revised Statutes, an amortization period of 30 years is deemed actuarially sound. At December 31, 2005, the State and School Division of PERA was underfunded with an infinite amortization period, which means that the unfunded actuarially accrued liability would never be fully funded at the current contribution rate.

In the 2004 legislative session, the general assembly authorized an Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) to address a pension-funding shortfall. The AED requires PERA employers to pay an additional 0.5% of salary beginning January 1, 2006, another 0.5% of salary in 2007, and subsequent year increases of 0.4% of salary until the additional payment reaches a total of 3.0% in 2012.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

In the 2006 legislative session, along with other significant provisions affecting the plan, the general assembly authorized a Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) that requires PERA employers to pay an additional one half percentage point of total salaries paid beginning January 1, 2008. The SAED is scheduled to increase by one half percentage point through 2013 resulting in a cumulative increase of three percentage points. The SAED will be terminated when each division's trust fund reaches 100 percent funding. For state employers, each year's one half percentage point increase in the SAED will be deducted from the amount of changes to state employees' salaries and used by the employer to pay the SAED.

The System's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$16,141,000, \$14,978,000, and \$13,088,000, respectively. These contributions were equal to the contribution requirement.

## (b) Voluntary Tax-Deferred Retirement Plans

PERA offers a voluntary 401(k) plan entirely separate from the defined benefit pension plan. The state offers a 457 deferred compensation plan and institutions of the state offer a 403(b) or 401(a) plan.

## (c) Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Under the optional defined contribution plan, eligible faculty, administrative professionals, post doctoral fellows and veterinary interns of the System enrolled in the defined contribution plan as an alternative to PERA. Three vendor choices are offered at CSU through the defined contribution plan: Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association (TIAA), Variable Annuity Insurance Corporation (VALIC), and Fidelity Investments/MetLife. Eligible faculty and staff at CSU-P do not have the Fidelity Investments/MetLife option available. The defined contribution retirement plans are established pursuant to state statute (24-54.5-101 to 24-54.5-107 C.R.S.). The CSU plan was adopted by the Board in December 1992 and the CSU-P plan was adopted in April 1993. The defined contribution retirement plan is a qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the IRC. CSU and CSU-P are the administrators of the plan. All participants contribute the required 8% of eligible salary. As required, CSU provides a matching contribution of 9% of eligible salary for all "permanent" appointees (those with regular and special appointments at half-time or greater) and for temporary appointees with appointments of half-time or greater for the second and subsequent consecutive year(s). CSUP provides a matching contribution of 11.1%, as required, of eligible salary for all nonstudent employees, including those employees at less than half-time and nonstudent temporary, hourly employees. Both employee and employer contributions are vested immediately. Investments are participant-directed within the funds available through the authorized vendors. The System's aggregate contribution to the above three vendors was equal to 8.7% of covered payroll or \$17,649,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and 8.7% of covered payroll or \$16,363,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The employee aggregate contribution to the above three vendors was equal to 8.0% of covered payroll or \$16,300,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 and 8.0% of covered payroll or \$15,039,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

A federal retirement program covers some employees employed by the Cooperative Extension Service at CSU. The System's contribution to this plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$217,000 and \$214,000, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (d) Student Employee Retirement Program

Eligible student employees contribute 7.5% of covered payroll to the student employee retirement program (SERP). The SERP is funded entirely through employee contributions with no employer match. The SERP is a mandatory plan for all student employees who are enrolled at CSU but are not classified as a half-time student or greater. The SERP was established pursuant to state statute (24-54.6-101 through 24-54.6-106 C.R.S.) as a mandatory nonqualified plan under 403(b) of the IRC in lieu of mandatory old age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI) coverage. The plan administrator is the "Committee". This Committee comprises thirteen individuals representing participating state institutions of higher education and one representative appointed by the Colorado student association. All contributions are vested immediately and are participant-directed within the funds available through the one vendor for the SERP, TIAA-CREF. The contributions by student employees for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$500,000 and \$474,000, respectively. The System is not liable for any matching contributions to the student employee retirement program.

## (e) Health Insurance Programs

The System's contribution to the various health insurance programs was \$8,646,000 and \$6,899,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### (18) Risk Financing and Insurance-Related Activities

CSU manages a combination of self-insured and fully insured property and casualty insurance programs to best protect the university's assets. CSU carries excess insurance for general liability and workers' compensation claims over \$500,000 per occurrence, except for claims arising out of employment practices. In this case, CSU will be liable for the first \$1,000,000 and purchases insurance to cover up to \$5,000,000 per occurrence. CSU self-insures for property insurance claims less than \$100,000 per occurrence and a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence is paid by the University department incurring the loss. In addition to this, CSU carries auto insurance for out of state vehicles and workers compensation for out of state employees, student intern professional liability, crime insurance, foreign liability insurance, and self-insures for in-state auto insurance.

In addition to the above, CSU is self-insured for various other risks of loss. At CSU, seven additional separate accounts currently make up the self-insured program: healthcare, dental, long-term disability, short-term disability, postretirement healthcare subsidy, the umbrella plan for retirees, and an unallocated reserve fund. CSU contracts claims processing and other day-to-day operations of the self-funded benefit plans to various third-party administrators. Most of the program funding is derived from premiums paid by benefit plan participants. Postretirement healthcare subsidy is funded by CSU contributions. The self-funded benefit plans are fully self-insured except for healthcare coverage, which is reinsured for plan expenses above \$200,000 in claims per covered employee per year. The unallocated reserve account is a general contingency fund for miscellaneous and unanticipated expenses for five of the other six accounts. The final account, postretirement healthcare subsidy account is funded in whole by the University's contribution based on covered salaries (currently 1%).

The amount of claims and administrative costs for the self-funded plans for fiscal year 2007 and fiscal year 2006 did not exceed plan revenues and reserves.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2007 and 2006

Exempt employees may select from various benefit plans. Exempt employees may elect to make certain contributions in the form of a pretax salary reduction.

The above self-insurance programs, excluding Workers Compensation and Liability, had estimated claim liabilities of \$8,561,000 and \$6,328,000 at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, which includes incurred but not reported claims (IBNR) along with known claims at year-end. These estimates are made through a combination of analyzing payments in early months of the subsequent year, historical trends, and industry guidelines.

In addition to these claims, Workers Compensation had estimated claim liabilities of \$4,564,000 and \$3,891,000, at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Liability self-insurance had estimated claim liabilities of \$828,000 and \$1,523,000, at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Property self-insurance had no estimated claim liabilities at June 30, 2007 and 2006. These estimates are based on current data, historical trends, and industry guidelines.

The changes in the balance of claim liabilities were as follows:

	2007	2006
Claim liabilities, beginning of year	\$ 11,742,000	10,242,000
Incurred claims (including IBNR)	22,664,000	18,951,000
Claim payments	(20,453,000)	(17,451,000)
Claim liabilities, end of year	\$13,953,000	11,742,000

## (19) Postemployment Healthcare and Life Insurance Benefits

#### (a) PERA Postemployment Healthcare Plan

The PERA Health Care Program began covering benefit recipients and qualified dependents on July 1, 1986. This benefit was developed after legislation in 1985 established the Program and the Healthcare Fund; the program was converted to a trust fund in 1999. Under this program, PERA subsidizes a portion of the monthly premium for healthcare coverage. The benefit recipient pays any remaining amount of that premium through an automatic deduction from the monthly retirement benefit. Effective July 1, 2000, the maximum monthly subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; and \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum subsidy is based on the recipient having 20 years of service credit, and is subject to reduction by 5% for each year less than 20 years.

The Health Care Trust Fund was maintained by an employer's contribution of 1.02% of covered salary. The System paid \$1,511,000 into this fund during fiscal year 2007 and \$1,469,000 during fiscal year 2006. Monthly premium costs for participants depend on the healthcare plan selected, the number of persons being covered, Medicare eligibility, and the number of years of service credit. PERA contracts with a major medical indemnity carrier to administer claims for self-insured plans, and with health maintenance organizations providing services within Colorado. As of December 31, 2006, there were 42,433 enrollees in the plan.

66 (Continued)

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

#### (b) University PERA Retiree Medical Plan Cost Subsidy

In accordance with University policy, University faculty and nonclassified staff participating in the PERA retirement plan, who retire from the University with at least ten years of University service, are eligible to receive a subsidy from the University to cover all or a part of their out-of-pocket premium expenses, for coverage under any one of the medical plans sponsored by PERA. The amount of the subsidy for eligible retirees is their out-of-pocket expenses for retiree-only coverage or an amount equal to the premium for the lowest cost plan available to active faculty and nonclassified staff, whichever is less.

This plan is pay-as-you-go funded. The average number of beneficiaries of this subsidy was 474 and 468 for fiscal years 2007 and 2006, respectively. The total cost to the University was \$1,000,000 and \$966,000, for fiscal years 2007 and 2006, respectively.

#### (c) Postretirement Healthcare Premium Refund Plan

## **Change in Accounting Principle**

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the System implemented GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans. This Statement establishes financial reporting standards for Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plans and clarified that the CSU Postretirement Healthcare Premium Refund Plan does not meet the conditions for classification as an OPEB plan trust. As a result of this change in accounting principle, the System has changed the financial statement presentation of the CSU Postretirement Healthcare Premium Refund Plan and the change resulted in a \$15,375,000 increase to the System's beginning net assets as of July 1, 2005.

CSU's Postretirement Healthcare Premium Refund Plan is a revocable trust and was established by the authority of the Board for retirees covered under the Defined Contribution Plan for Retirement (DCP). The Board has declared that the use of the plan funds shall be designated to expenditures necessary and appropriate to fulfilling the purpose of the plan.

Employees who retire from the university at age 55 with 20 or more years of service or age 60 with five or more years of service are eligible for this benefit. For eligible retirees with 20 or more years of service, CSU pays a healthcare premium refund of the lesser of \$200 per month or the actual cost of the retiree's (not including dependents) health insurance. Benefits are prorated for service between 5 and 20 years.

DCP Participants include employees who were hired after April 1, 1993 who have less than one year of participation in PERA or employees with such previous participation in PERA who elect to enroll in the DCP at the time of appointment and certain employees hired prior to that date who made a one time, irrevocable election at the time of implementation to terminate participation in PERA and join the DCP.

For fiscal years 2007 and 2006, funding for the healthcare premium refund plan was provided wholly by CSU through actuarially required contributions of 1% of covered participant's payroll. CSU's program is advance funded and contributions into the program totaled \$1,799,000 and \$1,665,000 for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The amount of cash and cash equivalents

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

available for these benefits was \$19,275,000 and \$17,101,000 for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Actuarial assumptions used to determine funding requirements include an annual investment return of 4.0%, for fiscal years 2007 and 2006, annual salary increases of 4%, and annual inflation of 3% for increase in starting salary. Noneconomic assumptions include rates of retirement, nonretirement termination, and mortality. Retirement and nonretirement rates were based on plan experience. Actuarial accrued liability was \$16,770,000 and \$15,708,000 for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the benefit according to the actuarial-cost method as stated above was \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

Total amounts paid by CSU to retirees for these healthcare subsidies were \$439,000 and \$383,000 for 2007 and 2006, respectively. As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, 206 and 196 former employees, respectively, were qualified to receive such benefits.

#### (d) Life Insurance Program

During fiscal year 2007, PERA provided its member's access to a group decreasing term life insurance plan offered by Unum Provident Plan in which 41,101 members participated. Active members may join the Unum Provident Plan and continue coverage into retirement. Premiums are collected by monthly payroll deductions or other means. In addition, PERA maintained coverage for 12,790 members under closed group plans underwritten by Anthem Life, Prudential, and New York Life.

## (e) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

CSU-P Retired faculty and exempt-administrative staff are eligible to participate in the Colorado Higher Education Insurance Benefits Alliance Trust (CHEIBA). CHEIBA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer insurance purchasing pool, which allows for postemployment health coverage until the retiree is eligible for Medicare. As of June 30, 2007, there were 41 participants in postretirement coverage from the eight member higher education institutions.

CHEIBA financial statements are prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America using the accrual basis of accounting following Governmental Accounting Standards for a business-type activity. The financial statements can be obtained by contacting Human Resources, Colorado State University – Pueblo, 2200 Bonforte Blvd., Pueblo, Colorado 81001.

Contributions are recognized in the period due. Benefits and refunds are recognized and paid when due according to the participating plans. The fair value of the Trust's investments is based on quoted market prices from national securities exchanges.

#### (20) Compensated Absence Liability

System employees may accrue annual and sick leave based on the length of service and subject to certain limitations regarding the amount that will be paid upon termination. The estimated liability of compensated absences for which employees are vested as of June 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$34,249,000 and \$31,535,000, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

Overall, expenses increased for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 by \$2,714,000 and \$2,874,000, respectively, for the estimated compensated absence liabilities.

## (21) Direct Student Financial Aid Reporting

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, CSU participated in the federal government's Direct Loan Program. This program provides loans from the federal government to qualifying students and their families for educational purposes. While CSU helps students obtain these loans, the University is not a party to the loans and is not responsible for collection of monies owed or for defaults by borrowers.

The gross amounts of Direct Loans disbursed during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$88,592,000 and \$89,559,000, respectively.

## (22) Scholarship Allowance

Tuition, fees, and auxiliary revenues and the related scholarship allowances for the year ended June 30, 2007 were as follows:

		2007		
	_	Tuition and fees	Auxiliary revenues	Total
Gross revenue	\$	257,603,000	109,597,000	367,200,000
Scholarship allowances:				
Federal		13,461,000	638,000	14,099,000
State		7,017,000	285,000	7,302,000
Private		191,000	26,000	217,000
Institutional	-	25,924,000	1,209,000	27,133,000
Total allowances	_	46,593,000	2,158,000	48,751,000
Net revenue	\$	211,010,000	107,439,000	318,449,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2007 and 2006

Tuition, fees, and auxiliary revenues and the related scholarship allowances for the year ended June 30, 2006 were as follows:

		2006		
		Tuition and fees	Auxiliary revenues	Total
Gross revenue	\$	247,233,000	102,777,000	350,010,000
Scholarship allowances: Federal State Private Institutional	_	12,612,000 6,854,000 189,000 23,611,000	1,008,000 473,000 66,000 1,197,000	13,620,000 7,327,000 255,000 24,808,000
Total allowances	_	43,266,000	2,744,000	46,010,000
Net revenue	\$	203,967,000	100,033,000	304,000,000

#### (23) System Foundations and Endowments

As discussed in note 1(c), the Foundation was incorporated into the System's financial reporting entity during fiscal year 2004 as a result of adopting GASB Statement No. 39. The Colorado State University Research Foundation (CSURF) and the Colorado State University – Pueblo Foundation (CSUP Foundation) did not meet the requirements of GASB Statement No. 39 to be incorporated into the System's financial reporting entity.

#### (a) Colorado State University Research Foundation

CSURF is a private, not-for-profit Colorado corporation established in 1941 to aid and assist the institutions governed by the Board of the System in their research and educational efforts. CSURF officers are appointed annually by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors consists of five voting members and two nonvoting members. No person who is an employee of CSU or CSUP is eligible to serve as an officer of CSURF or as a voting member of the Board.

The major sources of CSURF revenues are royalties, rents, management fees, licensing fees, and administration fees. The support provided by CSURF to the universities includes patent and licensing management, equipment leasing, municipal lease administration, debt financing through mortgage debt service, and land acquisition, development, and management. During the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, royalty revenues equaled \$2,102,000 and \$1,070,000, respectively, and expenses were \$1,090,000 and \$613,000, respectively.

At June 30, 2007, CSURF debt to provide buildings for use by the universities was \$3,763,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

At June 30, 2007, the assets of CSURF consisted of:

Cash and current assets	\$	2,004,000
Property and equipment		7,566,000
Other assets	_	7,942,000
Total assets	\$	17,512,000

At June 30, 2006, CSURF debt to provide buildings for use by the universities was \$3,986,000.

At June 30, 2006, the assets of CSURF consisted of:

Cash and current assets	\$ 1,456,000
Property and equipment	7,706,000
Other assets	 8,018,000
Total assets	\$ 17,180,000

Audited financial statements of CSURF are available at 410 University Services Center, P.O. Box 483, Fort Collins, CO 80522.

#### (b) Colorado State University – Pueblo Foundation

CSUP Foundation was established in 1966 as an independent 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation. The CSUP Foundation was formed to advance and assist in the development, growth, and operation of CSUP. Twenty-seven directors of the CSUP Foundation are elected by members of the CSUP Foundation, one officer of CSUP, and one member of the Board of Governors serve as nonvoting, ex-officio members.

CSUP Foundation recorded \$1,568,000 and \$1,572,000 in transfers of gifts and other assets to CSUP during fiscal years 2007 and 2006, respectively. During the same periods, CSUP provided \$114,000 and \$31,000, respectively, in in-kind support to CSUP Foundation for 2007 and 2006. Further, CSUP did not incur any expenses on behalf of CSUP Foundation during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

At June 30, 2007, the assets of CSUP Foundation consisted of:

Cash	\$ 1,202,000
Investments	17,730,000
Property and equipment, net	37,000
Other assets	 4,957,000
Total assets	\$ 23,926,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

At June 30, 2006, the assets of CSUP Foundation consisted of:

Cash	\$ 331,000
Investments	16,101,000
Property and equipment, net	40,000
Other assets	 4,693,000
Total assets	\$ 21,165,000

CSUP Foundation's sources of revenue are interest earned on bank accounts and investments, donations, rental property, and fund-raising activities. CSUP Foundation had \$535,000 and \$130,000 in outstanding liabilities as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Audited financial statements may be obtained from CSUP's Foundation office at 2200 Bonforte Boulevard, Pueblo, CO 81001-4901.

## (c) CSUP Board-Designated Funds

CSUP manages two board-designated funds. These funds' assets and activity are reported as part of the System. Both funds retain 20% of earnings each year to build the corpus of the fund and transfer 80% of the annual earnings to CSUP as designated by the Board. The first board-designated fund was established in 1994 from the proceeds of land sales in the Walking Stick development immediately west of the campus. The sale of excess land adjacent to the university campus provides resources that support the academic mission of CSUP. To date, CSUP has sold four parcels of land with the proceeds from the sales being placed in a board-designated fund.

The Walking Stick Fund assets at June 30, 2007 consisted of:

Cash		\$ 1,330,000
Land		 103,000
	Total assets	\$ 1,433,000

The Walking Stick Fund assets at June 30, 2006 consisted of:

Cash Land		\$ 1,099,000 124,000
	Total assets	\$ 1,223,000

On June 30, 2000, CSUP sold the KTSC-TV television license and certain related assets. The proceeds of the sale have been placed in a board-designated fund to support the maintenance of the Buell Communication Center building, telecommunications equipment associated with the Mass Communications program of CSUP, and scholarships.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

The KTSC Fund assets at June 30, 2007 consisted of:

Cash Due from other funds	\$	2,547,000 148,000
Total assets	\$	2,695,000
The KTSC Fund assets at June 30, 2006 consisted of:  Cash  Due from other funds	\$	2,472,000 170,000
Total assets	\$_	2,642,000

## (24) State Support

In fiscal year 2006, state support for higher education and the System changed with the implementation of the College Opportunity Fund. As a result of this legislation, which was adopted in S.B. 04-189 passed in the 2004 state legislative session, the state no longer provides a direct state general fund appropriation to the System. Instead, state support is provided to the System in the form of fee for service contracts with the state for the delivery of special programs, graduate programs, and high cost/high demand programs. In fiscal years 2007 and 2006, the System received \$74,182,000 and \$68,214,000, respectively, in state fee for service contract revenue.

State support was also provided to the System in the form of student tuition stipends provided to students by the state College Opportunity Fund. In fiscal years 2007 and 2006, stipends were provided to students attending classes at Colorado State University and Colorado State University-Pueblo in the amount of \$49,182,000 and \$45,406,000, respectively.

## (25) Contingencies

Contingencies include those in which the System is a defendant in several lawsuits including various claims related to activities or employees of the System. The System believes that final settlement of matters not covered by insurance will not materially or adversely affect its financial condition or operations.

The System receives significant financial awards from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. Expenditures of funds under those programs require compliance with the grant agreements and are subject to audit. Any disallowed expenditures resulting from such audits become a liability of the System. In the opinion of management, such adjustments, if any, are not expected to materially affect the financial condition or operations of the System.